REGISTERED No. 6.—1878.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,347—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1. 1878.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay —*Delivered free.*

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First insertion	8 As. per Line.
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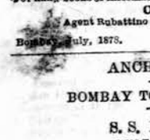
For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the S. S. AFRICA, 2,632 Tons, 250 H. P. Commander J. Henderson, on SATURDAY, the 2nd November 1878, at 5 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Cocconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Callingapatam, Gopalpore, False Point and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch the MADURA, 1,945 Tons, 200 H. P. Commander H. B. Smith, on THURSDAY, the 7th November 1878, at 4 p.m., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, will despatch Steamers to Kurrachee every THURSDAY at 4 p.m., and every MONDAY at 10 a.m.

The S. S. BUSHEER, 782 Tons, 130 H. P., Commander T. F Nailes, on MONDAY, the 4th November 1878, at 10 a. m. calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Diu, Fore Bunder, and Cutch Mas, to both ways.

The S. S. MADWA, 1,945 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander H. B. Smith, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 7th November 1878, at 4 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY GENOA and on the 24th, on the 1st *of each month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Without Wine.
Suez	300	220	80	
Port Said	280	240	90	
Jaffa	300	260	120	
Beyrout	425	320	125	
Cyprus	450	350	130	
Smyrna	450	340	140	
Naples	500	340	140	Including Wine.
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	530	350	145	

Children under 2 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

ARABIA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st November 1878.

ADSTRALIA to sail on SUNDAY 1st December 1878.

SUMATRA to sail on WEDNESDAY 1st January 1879.

Passengers and Cargo are now booked for JAFFA, BEYROUT and CYPRUS.

A Steamer of the Company leaves Portsaid regularly every Thursday which carries the Passengers from Bombay to the above Ports.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation ; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

O. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, July, 1878.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

S. S. INDIA,
2,289 Tons, 500 H.P.

THIS Steamer will sail about the 15th November.

For passage, &c., apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

N. B.—The Anglia (s.s.) will follow at a fortnight's interval.

CLAN LINE STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.

FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS BOOKED AS FOLLOWS:
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL ..... 400 Rupees.
LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY ..... 35 Guineas.

STEAMERS.

	Tons Reg.	N.H.P.		Tons Reg.	N.H.P.
CLAN ALPINE	2,200	250	CLAN LAMONT	2,200	250
CLAN FRASER	2,200	250	CLAN MURRAY	2,200	250
CLAN GORDON	2,200	250	CLAN STUART	2,200	280

THE splendid new Clyde-built Steamship CLAN ALPINE, 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, John Joss, Commander, is expected to sail from Bombay to Liverpool early in Nov.

The "Clan Line" Steamers are built expressly for the Indian trade. The Saloons and State Cabins are on deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort in tropical as well as in climates. Each steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For Freight and Passage apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay.

JAMES MADDEN & CO.'S (LATE WHEATLEY, MADDEN & CO.'S) BOMBAY PASSENGER AGENCY.

NOTICE.—Passages secured without charge, and every assistance rendered to Passengers leaving Bombay.

J. M. & Co.'s "Steamer Announcements" posted free to any part of India.

Full information regarding Passage Rates, &c., will be forwarded on application. Money exchanged. Drafts granted on England. Heavy Baggage intended for shipment should be in Bombay two clear days before the Steamer sails. All packages must be addressed JAMES MADDEN & Co. Bombay.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
AND
MANUFACTURERS.

(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price List, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of card.

SASSOON HOUSE, 7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CHAMPAGNE—E. Mercier & Co.'s, Epernay.			
First quality	per doz. Pts.	Rs.	18 0
Do.	do. Qts.	,,	35 0
Second quality	do. do.	,,	25 0
SHERRY & PORT—Offley Forrester & Co's			
Fine Pale Sherry, Green Seal	per doz. Qts.	Rs.	18 0
"Amontillado"	do. do.	,,	23 0
"Vino de Pasto"	do. do.	,,	18 0
Fine Old Port, Road Seal	do. do.	,,	18 0
Very Fine Old Port, Black Seal	do. do.	,,	25 0
CLARET—Fine Medoc	do. do.	,,	10 0
BRANDY—Otard Dupuy & Co.'s Cognac	do. do.	,,	25 0
WHISKEY—Nicolson's Royal Household Blended Scotch	do. do.	,,	21 0
BEER—Palace Brewery, Nicolson's—			
Per Hogshead of 54 Gallons		Rs.	55 0
Per Kilderkin of 18 do.		,,	21 0
Per dozen Quarts		,,	4 4
Per dozen Pints		,,	3 0

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1878.
(*c*) HINDOSTAN	3113 600	N. W. Haselwood	4th Nov.
— BANGALORE	2963 500	E. G. Stead	11th do.
(*c*) VENETIA	2736 450	C. G. Farrins	18th do.
— BOKHARA	2932 450	W. D. Anderson	25th do.
(*c*) NIZAM	2735 450	A. E. Barlow	2nd Dec.
— SURAT	3141 530	G. C. Burne	9th do.
(*c*) KAISAR-I-HIND	4290 700	R. Methven	16th do.
— TRAVANCORE	1903 350	W. Barrutt	23rd do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (*c*) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to
J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 14th October 1878. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1878.
TEHERAN	2569 400	A. H. Johnson	12th Nov.
MONGOLIA	2833 530	A. Coleman	26th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to
J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 14th October 1878. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE AND COLOMBO.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	
ASSAM	3033 500	N. Stewart	8th Nov.
TANJORE	2268 450	W. W. Fontham	6th Dec.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to
J. R. KELLOCK,
Bombay, 14th October 1878. Superintendent.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of grain and seed sweepings, unclaimed goods, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Station, Boree Bunder.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 1st November, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above mentioned place, a quantity of grain and seed sweepings, unclaimed goods, &c.

WEEKLY SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 2nd instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, &c.

1 boxful of clothing and sundries, the property of the late Jetty Pawthaloo.

At 1 P.M.

1 four-seated open carriage.
1 pianquin shigram.
1 cheesnut Arab horse.

AUCTION SALE OF PRICE AND CO.'S PERFUMERY.

ON SATURDAY, the 9th November, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, an invoice of 6 cases of perfumery comprising vertima, passion flowers, bouquet, kiss me quick, ylang ylang, jockey club, rodelitie, rose geranium, frangipani, eau de cologne, spirit of love, fancy boxes, florida-water, lavender, and lavender water.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable and handsome blackwood French polished house-hold furniture, a set of real silver tea-set, best plated ware, rich crockery and glass ware, single and double barrelled breech loading express rifles and guns, one English built fashionable mail-phaeton by "Kesterton," one English-built dog-cart by "Bennett Brothers," one glass fronted miniature brougham (nearly new), a pair of handsome fast trotting bay Arab mares, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., at Mount Pleasant, Malabar Hill.

ON SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the above-mentioned place, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood house-hold furniture, real silver and best plated wares, glass and crockery wares, guns, rifles, horses, carriages, plants, &c., the property of F. Marotti, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the day of sale.

N. B.—The plants will be sold at 6-30 A.M. on the same day.

AUCTION SALE of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots at Cumballa Hill.

ON TUESDAY, the 12th November, and the following days at 6-30 a. m. each day, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a choice collection of large plants in tubs and pots comprising ferns, dracenas, bignonias, amigonons, branfesias, coleus, bougainvillæas, hoyas, clerodendrons, talaunias, passifloras, stephanotics, poivreas, roses, tabernotanas, aycopodiums, &c., &c., the property of Lieut.-Colonel Erasmus Bromley, Esq., leaving residence.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome French polished blackwood household furniture, best plated, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany small semi-cottaged piano (nearly new) by Broadwood, one English built four seated open carriage by Robert Ness, one miniature glass fronted brougham by Robert Ness, a pair of fast trotting grey Arab horses, one grey Arab brougham horse, sets of single and double harness, &c., at Malabar Hill.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 13th November, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome French polished household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelainware, piano, horses, carriages, &c., the property of W. Gordon, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the day of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable and Handsome French Polished and Richly Carved Blackwood and Teakwood Household Furniture, best Plated rich crockery and Glassware, sweet-toned Mahogany Grand Pianoforte, by Richard Lipp, an English built four-seated open carriage, a single-seated Brougham, a pair of black Australian Horses, sets of single and double harness, &c., at Breach Candy.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 20th November, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, the very valuable and handsome French polished richly carved blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated glass and porcelainware, carriages, horses, &c., the property of R. Branson, Esq.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 1st November 1878.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,
TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

FIRE RESERVE FUND ... £261,444.

Fire Premiums after deducting Re-insurances.	In 1876 ...	£139,806
	,, 1873 ...	£295,149
	,, 1877 ...	£450,883

POLICIES issued and CLAIMS promptly paid without reference to Head Office, by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

POLO. POLO.

Canes with ash heads ..... each	Rs. 2 8
Do. boxwood heads ..... ,,	,, 3 8
Balls ..... per dozen.	,, 6 12

Less 10 per cent. discount for cash.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BRAND & CO.'S
SPECIALITIES FOR INVALIDS,
CONSIST OF
CONCENTRATED BEEF TEA, VEAL, MUTTON, AND CHICKEN BROTHS.
ESSENCES OF BEEF, MUTTON, CHICKEN, &c.
TURTLE AND OTHER SOUPS.
SAVORY MEAT LOZENGES &c., &c.

Extract from Lancet, 18th March 1877.

ESSENCE OF BEEF, MUTTON, VEAL & CHICKEN—BRAND AND Co.

"Although these preparations can now hardly be called novelties, we notice them on account of their great value in medical practice.

"They consist of the pure juice of the flesh, extracted by heat and clarified, but not concentrated and otherwise untouched. The juice sets to a thin Jelly as clear as sherry, and the flavour of the meat is perfectly preserved. The first idea of this kind of preparation is due, we think, to Dr. Druitt, and if so, the profession is indebted to him for a very useful combination of food and stimulant. The essences are best used cold, but may also be liquified by heat, and used as cremata. Of course they do not keep long when once opened.

"The same firm prepares concentrated Extract of Beef and Invalid Turtle Soups, both excellent in quality."

Detailed Price Lists, with further opinions of the press, may be obtained of the

SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & COMPANY (LIMITED),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.
N. B.—THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KURRACHEE EUROPEAN AND INDO-EUROPEAN SCHOOL.

WANTED, an ASSISTANT SCHOOL-MASTER for the above School. Salary Rs. 60, rising to Rs. 100 per mensem.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be addressed to the HONORARY SECRETARY, Kurrachee.

DR. JELOVITZ,
HOMŒOPATHIC PRACTITIONER,
BELLASIS ROAD, BYCULLA TERRACE,
on Letters, &c., as
Messrs. THOMPSON & TAYLOR, CHEMISTS, FORT.

POSTAL NOTICE.

CORRESPONDENCE intended for Troops belonging to the QUETTA and KOORUM VALLEY COLUMN of the FRONTIER EXPEDITIONARY FORCE should be addressed without mention of any Post Town.

1. Frontier Expeditionary Force, Quetta Column.
2. Frontier Expeditionary Force, Kooram Column.

REPLIES from our Firm for the purpose of continuing under his own name and sole responsibility the business of our late Bombay Branch.

SIEGFRIED FRERES & Co., Havre.
JULES SIEGFRIED & Co., in Liquidation, Bombay.

WITH reference to the above advertisement,

I beg to give notice that I have THIS DAY ESTABLISHED a FIRM in Bombay, under the name of

F. SAUQUET & Co.

Mr. WALTER THACKER is AUTHORIZED to SIGN my firm PER PROCURATION.

F. SAUQUET.

Bombay, 6, Hornby Row, 1st November 1878.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the MATTER of ACT X. of 1866, and of the MERCANTILE CREDIT and FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

BY DIRECTION OF THE SITTING JUDGE IN CHAMBERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that MONDAY, the 18th day of November next, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, has been APPOINTED to hear an APPLICATION on the part of the Official Liquidator to make a call of Rs. 35 per share on all the Contributories of the said Company. All persons interested are entitled to attend on such day and hour and at such place to offer objections to such call.—Dated this 29th day of October 1878.

FLETCHER & SMITH,
Attorneys for the Official Liquidator.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. ROWLAND & Co. have determined to CLOSE their SADDLERY and HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT in the Fort, and from THIS DAY will DISCONTINUE to RECEIVE any ORDERS for making or repairing of Saddlery, Harness, &c. The ready-made articles in stock will be sold at reduced rates.

MESSRS. ROWLAND & Co. tender their thanks to their constituents for their patronage during the last seven years, and at the same time request those who owe their firm MONEY to be kind enough to SETTLE their ACCOUNTS WITHOUT DELAY.

ROWLAND & Co.

Bombay, 31st October 1878.

EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
Sole Appointed Agent for Messrs. CHUBB and Son.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
47, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Established 1847.

LOCKS,
PADLOCKS,
ESCUTCHEONS,
CASH BOXES,
PAPER BOXES,
DESPATCH BOXES,
FANCY WALKING STICKS,
TRAVELLING LEATHER BAGS,
WROUGHT IRON KEY BOXES,
LARGE ROOM DOOR LOCKS,
WROUGHT IRON FIRE PROOF SAFES,
JOHN JONES' GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
McCABE'S GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
18 CARAT GOLD ALBERT CHAINS,
15 CARAT GOLD PEN & PENCIL CASES,
15 CARAT GOLD SPRING RINGS,
15 CARAT GOLD SWIVELS,
PEBBLE SPECTACLES,
BEZIQUE MARKERS,
LEATHER PURSES,
PEN KNIVES,
SCISSORS,
LOCKETS,
&c.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Livery for Horses on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month including eyes; Horses in infirmary Rs. 1 per day; Commission Rs. 17 from purchaser and seller on horse sold.

Every care and attention devoted to Shoeing and Breaking to Harness, both being under our immediate supervision. Horses sent from up-country will meet with a ready market.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A pair of handsome bay Walor mares, very fast, good steppers, and perfectly quiet and steady; also a Mall Phaeton in good order, by "Kesterton," with set of English brass-mounted harness. Turnout Rs. 2,500.

A very pretty pair of bay Arab gallowys, 4 years old, 13-3 high, beautifully matched, unbroken, but being exceedingly quiet and good tempered, will take kindly to harness. Rs. 900.

A high-caste nutmeg grey Arab horse, 6 years old, 14-2 high, up to weight, very gentle, canters light and easily, would make a first-rate charger or a lady's hqrse. Rs. 1,000.

A brown Australian broughgan horse, 9 years old, 14-3 high, powerful, quiet and steady, and a good mover. Rs. 400.

A dun-bitten grey Arab horse, 9 years, 14-1 high, strong and compact, goes in single and double harness. Rs. 300.

A pair of brown Pegus, 49 well together in harness, have been driven by a lady. Rs. 400.

Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 1st November 1878.

NOTICE!!!

CHARIVARI'S
Third Christmas Annual and Almanac.

On or about November 30th, 1878, will be published at the

CHARIVARI OFFICE, 10, DACRE'S LANE, CALCUTTA,

Charivari's Third Annual for 1878 and Almanac for 1879.

Price, Rs. 2-8; or with Mofussil postage, Rs. 2-12.

THE ANNUAL will be copiously illustrated by the best European Artists in India; the Calendar, especially being embellished with artistic borders, exhibiting designs of great beauty, and the whole will be bound in a richly ornamented cover, forming an appropriate and elaborate title page.

The Contents will comprise Tales, Poetry, Conundrums, &c., &c., after the fashion of the ventures of this class periodically appearing in England at the Christmas Season. Several gentlemen of known literary ability, both here and in England, have been communicated with, and have promised to contribute, and general contributions are invited.

Bearing in mind the very considerable success which has attended their former Annuals, and having in view the fresh attractions of both Literary and Artistic which they are now offering, the Proprietors confidently expect the support of their Subscribers and the General Public.

ORDER EARLY FROM CHARIVARI OFFICE:
10, DACRE'S LANE, CALCUTTA.

CRICKETING AND GENERAL GYMKHANA KIT.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED, receive periodical supplies of the above from the leading English Houses, who manufacture the goods, in accordance with T. & Co.'s long and practical experience, specially to meet the requirements of the Indian climate, an advantage presented by no other House in India.

REVISED PRICES, JUNE 1878.

CRICKET KIT.

BALLS.

	Cash. Rs. a.
Superior Treble-seamed Balls ..... each	4 4
Do. Double do. for Club use ,,	3 8
Boys do. do. annas 12 to Rs.	2 0

BATS.

All Cane	each	12 0
Treble do.	,,	11 0
Double do.	,,	10 0
Single do.	,,	8 8
Double Whalebone	,,	10 8
Single Do.	,,	9 8
Match, best selected	,,	7 0
Do. do. for practice	,,	5 8
Presentation with silver plate	,,	16 0
Boys do. do. from Rs. 2 to Rs.		4 8

GLOVES.

Best Batting Gloves, Improved Vulcanised Tubular India Rubber	per pair	5 8
Gauntlets, Extra Quality, for Wicket keeping, superior ventilated	per pair	6 8

LEG GUARDS.

Guards, White Buck Skin		7 8
Do. Chamois Skin		6 8

STUMPS, &c.

Stumps, with brass ferrules		7 0
Do. with do. do. and iron points.		8 0
Do. Plain Ash		5 8
Nets for Long Stopping, 6 yards long by 2 high, with painted poles, strong ropes, with ferrules, &c.	each	14 0
Measures, Metallic in solid leather cases, from 22 yards upwards,	from	7 0
Spikes, Steel and Brass, of superior quality per dozen		1 12
Scoring Books, for 12, 25, and 50 Matches, from		2 8
Scoring Sheets	per dozen	3 0
Lillywhite's Guide, latest Edition		0 12

LAWN TENNIS KIT.

Complete Sets	Rs. 72-0 to	85 0
Lawn Tennis Bats	each	8 0
Do. Balls best India Rubber, per doz.	Rs. 3-0 to	5 8
Do. do. Wool covered, per doz.		9 8

RACKET KIT.
By Jeffries and Malins.

	Cash. Rs. a.
Racket Bats, of best quality	13 0
Do. do. Cane handled	14 0
Do. Balls per dozen	1 8
Do. Gut Strings per set	3 8
Fives Bats each	1 8
Fives Balls per dozen	4 0
Racket Shoes, best quality	10 0
Do. Presses Rs. 5-0 to	10 0

BADMINTON KIT.

Complete Sets, from	Rs. 40-0 to	80 0
Badminton Bats	each	7 0
Do. Shuttlecocks, per doz.	Rs. 4-0 to	6 0
Do. do. with India Rubber bottom	each	1 4
Do. India Rubber Balls	per dozen Rs. 2-4 to	4 0

FENCING KIT, &c.

Foils, best Steel		6 8
Lunging Pads, best		8 0
Jackets		12 0
Single Sticks	per pair	1 0
Basket Hand Guards	,,	1 4
Buffalo do. do.	,,	4 8
Boxing Gloves—White Buck Skin and Chamois Skin	per set of 4	9 0

FOOTBALLS.

Vulcanized India Rubber Balls covered with best Leather, No. 4		6 8
Do. do. No. 5		7 0
Do. do. No. 6		8 0
Extra India Rubber Balls, from each Rs. 2-4 to		3 0

QUOITS.

Best Polished Steel Quoits and Pins.	per lb.	0 14
Do. do. Brass do.	,,	1 12
Do. Galvanized Iron do.	,,	1 0
Weights 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, and 6½ lbs.	per pair.	

The Galvanized-iron Quoits are particularly adapted for the Indian Climate, being less affected than others by extremes of moisture and dryness.

☞ Priced lists of Parlour and Outdoor Games and General Gymkhana Kit, may be had on application.

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A very pretty little Breakfast Frame in Electro-plate, a Dog carrying in his mouth a basket for salt, on either side a mustard and pepper pot, price Rs. 40. We have in stock a great variety of these pretty and useful ornaments for the Breakfast Table.

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Comprising Butter Dish, Toast Racks, Egg Cups and Spoons, Cruet, Mustard, Pepper, and Salt, with Call Bell, on stand, in best Electro-plated ware. Rs. 100 and 60 each.

The above form a very pretty present.

ELECTRO-PLATED SPIRIT STANDS,

With Richly Cut Glass Bottle, two Tumblers, peg and half peg measures, rack for 4 sodawater bottles, Rs. 100. Ditto with Decanter and 2 tumblers, Rs. 52.

ELECTRO-PLATED

Biscuit Boxes, Rs. 17 to Rs. 100.	Butter Dishes, Rs. 17 to Rs. 45.	Egg Boilers, Rs. 35 to Rs. 60.
Tea Kettles on Stand, Rs. 100.	Claret Jugs, Rs. 30 to Rs. 100.	Salvers, Rs. 15 to Rs. 64.

See our Illustrated Catalogue.

HAMILTON & CO.,
October 28th, 1878. Rampart Row.

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TREACHER & Co., Limited.

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RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE
FOR
NOVEMBER 1878.
Printed and published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.
PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS,
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WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA,
Showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines.

☞ *The* Guide *has lately been thoroughly revised and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage.*

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The Guide, having a large circulation amongst Travellers, by Rail and otherwise, is a most effective medium for Advertisements.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31st, 1878.

DULL accounts from Home, and extreme quietness here, are still the leading commercial features, and so far as we are able to judge are likely to continue so until the end of the present year.

Business here has been virtually closed this afternoon, owing to the annual general meeting of the members of the Chamber of Commerce.

The Bombay mails of the 14th instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

Consols yesterday recovered, the decline of the previous day being again quoted at 94⅛. French Rentes have advanced from fcs. 112½ to fcs. 112⅝. A further payment into the Bank of England of about £125,000 is advised, and the general tendency is evidently in favour of an easier Money Market.

Enfaced Rupee Paper in London shows an advance of a rupee both in Fours-and-Fours-and-a-half, the quotations now being Rs. 73 and Rs. 79½ respectively. In the London General Produce Markets, Coffee is quiet at a decline of 1s. per cwt. in Ceylon descriptions, for which the rates are now 86s. Plantation 103s. and Good Ordinary Native 72s. Mysore is unchanged at 77s. per cwt. In Cocoanut Oil, Ceylon is firm at £49; on the other hand, Cochin has further declined £2 per ton, and is now quoted £56 per ton. In the markets for Oilseeds the only change in quotations is in Linseed, to arrive, which has advanced 6d. per qr. Rapeseed is dull, and Wheat steady at previous rates.

The usual weekly quotations for Metals show no changes, Copper Tile being still quoted at £63, Braziers at £68 per ton, Yellow Metal at 5¼d. to 5¾d. per lb., and Silesian Spelter at £17-5s. per ton.

Piece Goods in Manchester are reported quiet, and Cotton in Liverpool dull with a further decline in prices of 1-16d. per lb., the quotations for Mid. Orleans and Fair Dhollera being 6 3/16d. and 4 5/16d. per lb. respectively. The sales, however, show some slight improvement on those of the last few days, being 8,000 bales, of which 1,500 bales are Surats. The New York telegrams of yesterday quoted Mid. Uplands on the spot and Futures for January shipment at 9⅜ cents. per lb., which shows a further decline of ⅛ cent. in the spot quotation, that to arrive is unchanged.

The Receipt at the American Ports to date are as follows:—

	1878.	1877.	1876.
Wednesday's Receipts	22,000	28,000	28,000
Five days' ,, ...	163,000	123,000	132,000
Total since 1st Sept.	945,000	676,000	942,000

At the weekly biddings for Council Drafts on India in London yesterday the sum of £400,000 was offered, of which only £120,000 were allotted—viz., £60,000 to Calcutta and £60,000 to Bombay, tenders at 1s. 7d. receiving in full. From the smallness of the amount allotted and the comparatively high rates at which the allotment was made, it is evident that the purchases of the Bills was merely made with the object of strengthening the rates of Sterling Exchange in this market unless, however, the weekly sales are withdrawn for a time it is difficult to believe that this can be attained in the present state of our Export Market. Bar Silver is unchanged at 50¾d. per oz.

STERLING EXCHANGE, on the strength of the abovenamed sale of Council Bills and also owing to a report that they will not be offered next week, has been firmer to-day, the Banks being sellers at an advance of an ⅛ on our yesterday's quotations. At the higher level, however, there seems to be no disposition on the part of private sellers to do business, and the few Bills that were previously making have, for the time being, been withdrawn. Closing rates are as follows:—

Bank Bills, on demand			...1s. 7 5-16d.	per Rs.
Do.	6 months' sight		...1s. 8 1-16d.	,,
Credits,	3	,,	...1s. 8 1-16d.	,,
Documents,	3	,,	...1s. 8¼d.	,,
Francs	3	,,	...2-12	,,

On Calcutta rates are unchanged at par for Demand Draft's and 99½ for 60 days' sight Bills.

GOVERNMENT PAPER with very little doing remains nominally unaltered at Rs. 94 for Fours, Rs. 94½ for Four-and-a-half and Rs. 99½ to Rs. 100 for New Fours-and-a-half.

The SHARE MARKET is quiet with very little doing; the few transactions reported in Spinning and Weaving Companies' Shares show an advance of Rs. 5 in Alexandras, Rs. 10 in Bombay United, Rs. 15 in Dhurrumseys, Rs. 10 in Fleming, Rs. 5 in Morarjee; and a decline of Rs. 10 in Mazagon and Rs. 2 in Anglo-Indian.

COTTON continues depressed with nothing doing for Export. Of new there are sellers at Rs. 180 for Dholleras for March-April delivery, Rs. 183 for Oomrawuttee, February, and Rs. 187 per candy for January delivery. These rates, however, fail to attract buyers.

LINSEED is steady at Rs. 6-13 to Rs. 6-14 per cwt.

RAPESEED is somewhat firmer.

FREIGHTS are unaltered in every respect. For Liverpool, via Canal, the current quotation is still 10s. per ton for ready shipment, and for December loading 15s. per ton. By sail there is still no enquiry.

COALS show no change, sellers to arrive being still out of the Market, while on the Bunder there is only a moderate demand.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	6 p. ct	135
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 do	795
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 do	667½
Bank of Madras	60,000	250	all	10 do	675
National Bank of India.	37,320	£25	£12-10	6 do	105

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New).	2,948	2,000	all	15 p.a*	875
Prore Land and Pier Co. Limited	7,500	150	all	4 p. a	120
Mazagon Land	1,750	2,000	1,000	20 p. a.	850
Port Canning Land Company, Limited	6,000	1,400	all	15 p.a.	215 xd

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20 218-3 0	p. ct	300
Do. New £20 shares....	..	£20 13 9-16	do	26
Ditto	..	£20 6 5-8	do	72
Ditto	..	£20 21 1-2	do	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100 1,000	do	1,100
Do. New Shares.	..	£18 19 5-16	do	250

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

bert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	..	760
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	2,250	500	all	25 p.c.	375
Alfred Mills Co.....	250	1,000	1,000	50 p.c	1,100
Alliance Spinning	500	2,500	all	55 p.	1,750
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	100	100	2 p.ct	88
Bhownuggur M. and P. Company	300	2,000		40 p.s.	1,250
Bombay United.....	900	1,000	all	35 p.s*	975
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company.....	2,000	300	all	15 p.s*	180
Broach Mills	1,800	120	all	10 p.s*	42
Colaba S. and W. Co.	900	1,000	all	25 p.s*	675
Goorla S. and W. Co....	1,000	1,000	all	30 p.s*	960
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	450	30 p. a.	648 xd.
Dharumsey Spinning ..	3,000	2,500	all	35 p.s*	745
Empress S. and W. Co..	700	500	350	..	340
Fleming S. and W. Co..	3,750	500	all	40 p.s*	420
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	20 p.s*	1,170
Hindustan S. & W. Co.	875	1,000	all	35 p.s.	970
Hydrabad S. and W. Co	700	1,000	1,000	..	800
Jeevraj Dallee Mills ..	740	1,000	all	35 p.s*	870
Khandelish Spinning ..	750	1,000	all	50 p.s*	935
K. Muconjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	50 p.s*	775
Madras Spinning	300	1,000	all	30 p.s*	700
Madras U. Spinning....	425	1,000	all	70 p.s*	1,235
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.	30,000	50	50	..	30
Mandvie S. and W. Co..	1,200	500	all	25p.s*	340
Manockjee Petit's.....	2,500	1,000	all	40p.s*	1,275
Morarjee Spinning	1,043	1,000	all	40 p.s*	1,295
Mazagon S. and W. Co..	2,000	5,000	..	..	240
National S. and W. Co. of India.....	950	1,000	all	35 p.	870
Neriad S. and W. Co....	400	1,000	all	..	175
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	600	2,000	all	..	425
Surrey S. and W. Co....	2,500	400	all	10 p.s*	305
Oriental	1,000	625	all	25 p.s*	730
Prince of Wales Spinning	600	1,000	all	75	1,020
Sassoon S. & W. Co.....	1,500	1,000	all	25 p.s.	890
Soonderdas Spinning ..	650	1,000	all	75 p.s.	730
Do. do. Shares	400	125	125	p.s.	200
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	20 p.s.	940
Victoria Mills	529	1,000	all	28 p.s.	700

* Per Share for the half-year

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE s. s. BENGAL, 1,338 tons, Captain J. Rowley, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE SHIP SANDHURST, 1,529 tons, Captain R. Pearse, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a cargo of 27,279 Indian maunds salt.

THE SHIP VAFNI, 959 tons, Captain J. C. Olsen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Newcastle, 27th June, with a cargo of 1,412 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s S. S. AKOLA, 315 tons, Captain A. Russell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Dy. Surg. Franklin, Mr. S. Arthur Mr. M. A. F. Monis, and 135 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. SOCOTRA, 1,240 tons, Captain W. Stewart, sailed yesterday for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. G. Robertson, R. N., Rev. M. Jacob, Mr. Morley, Mr. Phelps, Mr. J. Hutchens, Mrs. Thom, and 108 deck passengers.

THE s.s. BELLONA, 1,226 tons, Captain M. Breen, arrived in harbour on the 30th inst. from Liverpool, 25th September, with the following passengers:—Mr. Jennings, Mr Thompson, Mr Rose, and Mr Strahan. She brought the following cargo:—15 packages provision, 1,191 packages piece-goods, 6 packages soda, 75 cases brass, 611 bundles iron hoops, 1,000 packages iron sheets, 175 cases iron plates, 2 cases thread, 107 boxes soap 200 tons coals, 180 kegs nails, 1 box of copper, 44 packages iron, 196 bars iron, 25 cases slates, 15 bales twist, 10 cases umbrellas, 18 cases varnish, 17 packages earthenware, 60 cases porter, 26 packages glassware, 52 packages hardware, 25 kegs nails, 500 boxes green copperas, 200 kegs lead, 250 kegs red lead, and many packages merchandise. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Lyon and Co.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
30	Bellona (s)	Breen.....	Liverpool, Sept 25.
31	Wentworth (s)	Newcastle, June 27.
	Akola (s)	Russell	Kurrachee, Oct 28.
	Dragon	McClomon ...	London, July 10.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders	Destinations.
31	Socotra (s)	Starratt.....	P. Gulf via Kurrachee
	Bengal (s).....	Rowley	Calcutta.

The ship Sandhurst, Pearse, to Calcutta, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.
29 Canara (s) .... Negapatam.

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 31.

FROM LONDON.

Wenlock—10 cases safety matches, Tyebally Sooltanally.
Avondale S—10 cask iron wire, Esmailjee Escofbhoy; 7 casks iron wire, Bhayenia Ebrahim; 8 casks Europe vinegar, Goolamally Jewanjee and Co.
Fleur-de-Lis—125 casks beer, Jamsetjee Nowrojee; 500 casks portland cement, Joseph Soares; 10 crates earthenware, Aldridge, Salmon and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Arabia S—65 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Arabia S—15 cases brandy, Eduljee Bazonjee Lakdavala; 286 packages claret, 81 cases champagne, 401 cases brandy and 20 cases corks, Truscior and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 31.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Trentham Hall S—52 bales cotton, Cooverjee Lilladhur; 40 bales wool, Gangjee Thakoorsee; 65 bales wool, Khamjee Veerjee; 65 bales wool, Govindjee Madhowjee; 22 bales wool and 22 bales rags, Jewandass Premjee; 40 bales cotton, Jayaing Mohundall.

FOR LONDON.

Hindostan S—27 cwts mace, and 23 cwts benjamin, Ally Mahomed Hasum; 23 cases fishmaws and 15 cwts dry ginger, Meghs Munjee; 184 cwts nux-other-sort shells, and 32 packages cowdar, Turribhoy Nenjee; 32 cwts deer horns, and 10 bales skin, Alladin Mahomed Dawa; 50 bales hides, Munjeebhoy Allana; 150 cwts coir yarn, Kinsee Dhurumsee; 200 cwts coir yarn, Nanjee Govindjee; 8 bales skins, Jewraz Merally; 171 pieces backwood, Joosub Abdoola; 50 bags nutmegs, Shamoorjee Nusserwanjee and Co; 71 bags tapioca, Hajee Abdoola Esmail and Co; 12 bales skins and 7 bales cotton and woolen carpets, John Campbell and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bangalore S—1,951 bales jute 471 packages coffee and 30 packages rice, P and O S N Co; 160 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 150 bales cotton, W Nico and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Bangalore S—250 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

BOMBAY, 30th October 1878.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·741
Temperature of the Air	81·8
Wet Bulb Thermometer	72·5
Dew Point	68·5
Relative humidity of Air	·650
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded 8).	3·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.).....	87·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.) ...	75·0
General Direction of Wind	NNE, ENE, NW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	247

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 29.

Grant, Col, 39th Madras N I, on leave, from Palaveram.

OCTOBER 30.

Warren, Lieut Col, 65th Regt, from leave, from England.
Morant, Captain, Madras Cavalry, from furlough, from England.
Bland, Lieut. R A, on leave, from Deolalee.
Wynyard, Lieut, R A, on leave, from Deolalee.

OCTOBER 31

Sheil, Captain, R A, from leave, from Matheran.
Downing, Lieut, R A, on leave, from Kirkee.
O'Brien, Surgn Major, on duty, from Barrackpore.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 31.

Morant, Captain, Madras Cavalry, to join, to Madras.
Sheil, Captain, R A, from leave, to Ahmedabad.
Wapshare, Lieut, 1st Grenadiers, from leave, to Ahmedabad.
Hill, Col, 1st Goorkhas, on duty, to Mooltan.
Story, Lieut Col, 1st Goorkhas, on duty, to Mooltan.
Hay, Captain, 4th Goorkhas, on duty, to Peshawar.
Law, Captain, R A, on duty, to Mhow.
Shaw, Surgn, on duty, to Allahabad.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, October 31.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th October 1878.

Captain O M Bradshaw, 20th Madras N I, is allowed to proceed to Europe on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

Assistant Apothecary J Shore, Bengal, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—Lieut A W C Bell, Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, 18th N I.

Major C E Fisher, Deputy Settlement Officer, Hyderabad, is granted leave to Europe, on private affairs, for four months, from 28th October, or date of embarkation, with twenty-five days' subsidiary leave. This cancels G G O dated 28th Sept.

Lieut W M Campbell, R A, 1st Subaltern, No 2 Mountain Battery, Punjaub Frontier Force, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for two years, on medical certificate, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—Lieut Mc'udden, 10th N I. L.

Sub-Conductor R Gilrap, Ordnance Department, Peshawur, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

Assistant Apothecary D Duffy, Bengal, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Government of his own Presidency.

Captain O Bourdillon, Pension Paymaster, Poona Circle, is permitted to retire from the service from the 1st Nov, on a special pension of £100 per annum sanctioned for him by the Secretary of State for India in addition to the pension of his rank.

Lieut S Moores, Staff Officer, Colaba Depot, was relieved of his duties in the Commissariat Department on the 31st Oct.

The following reversions in the Barrack Department are ordered from 21 October, consequent on the return from furlough of Conductor J Wright:—Acting Conductor J Lewis to revert to Sub-Conductor; Acting Sub-Conductor J Money to revert to Sergeant.

The following order is confirmed:—Hyderabad Station Order, dated 18th Oct directing Major W Jacob, 19th N I, to officiate as Superintendent of Bazars, in addition to his other duties, vice Captain Brownlow, R A proceeding on service.

The undermentioned Officer is allowed furlough to England for three months, on medical certificate from the 24th Sept. Major W T Kennaway, Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary General.

The undermentioned Officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—Captain W Hepper, Staff Corps. Lieut-Colonel C S Stuart, Infantry. Surgeon-Major P S Turcbull.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extension of leave for the periods specified:—Captain W I LeBreton, Staff Corps, three months, medical certificate. Major G R Goodfellow, Staff Corps, one month, urgent private affairs. Colonel J G Fife, R E, six months, medical certificate.

The undermentioned Medical Officers having completed twelve years' service to be Surgeons-Major: Surgeons W Nolan, M. D. and S O'Brien Banks, 1st Oct. 1878.

The undermentioned Warran Officer has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—Sub-Conductor A Banks, P W D.

The undermentioned Commissioned Officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—Major F J Smith, R E, two months medical certificate. Captain Kirkwood Staff Corps, three months, medical certificate. Major J G Gillaspy, Staff Corps, six months, medical certificate.

The following extract from the *London Gazette* dated 1st October 1878, is re-published:—"The following promotion to take place consequent upon the death of Major General Wilkieson, Royal (late Madras) Engineers:—Colonel J G Fife, Royal (late Bombay) Engineers, to be Major-General."

The undermentioned Officers having completed twenty years' service, to be Majors by Brevet, from the date specified: Captains G C Hogg, 3rd A Cavalry, Cadet 2nd Cavalry, 27th Oct.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev H N Midwinter, M A, having been appointed by the Secretary of State for India to be a Junior Chaplain on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment, is appointed, on arrival from England, to act as Chaplain of Neemuch, vice Rev G Gothard, absent in Europe on medical certificate.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Bombay Castle, 23rd October 1878.

Mr S H Phillpotts to be Second Grade Judge and Sessions Judge at Ratnagiri, vice Mr W Wedderburn who vacated the appointment on the 28th September last. Mr Phillpotts will however, is to continue to act as Judge and Sessions Judge at Poona and Agent for Sirdars in the Deccan until further orders.

Mr H Inglis, Huzur Deputy Collector of Kaira, is allowed privilege leave of absence for five weeks.

Mr Grant, C S, and Mr Fernandes, Huzur Deputy Collector, Ahmedabad, have been promoted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty within the period of their leave.

Mr W A Talbot, Assistant Conservator of Forests, is promoted from the Third to the Second Grade.

Assistant Surgeon M G Desai is placed on General Duty in the Northern Division.

Surgeon-Major J S Bruce and Surgeon O H Channer, M B, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Northern Deccan Registration District, on the 18th instant, before office hours.

Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has allowed Mr J F Fleet, C S, an extension of leave for four months on sick certificate.

The undermentioned Gentlemen from the Royal Indian Engineering College having reported their arrival in Bombay on the 27th October, are appointed Assistant Engineers, Second Grade:—Mr T Summers, Mr G S Morley, Mr A S George.

In accordance with the instructions of the Government of India, the following officers are appointed, temporarily, pending confirmation by the Government of India in the Financial Department, and by the Secretary of State, to the Revenue Establishment, State Railways, and posted to the Dhond and Manmad Section of the Railway:—Mr W I Chamberlain, to be Traffic Superintendent, Class III. Mr C Bennett, to be Assistant Superintendent, Class IV. Mr P Le Mesurier, to be Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Class IV.

With reference to G O No 6-5, dated 3rd October 1876, the following General Order by the Government of India, No 988, dated 18th Oct ber 1878, is republished:—

"In modification of G O No 991 of 1876, it is hereby notified under the authority of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, that any officer who had elected the furlough rules of 1858 before the G O No 385, dated the 1st July 1871, reached his station, will be allowed to draw furlough pay at the rate of exchange of 2 shillings the rupee. This order does not apply to officers who were admitted to the Staff Corps on and after the 1st July 1868."

CALENDAR FOR NOVEMBER, 1878.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

First Quarter.....2nd Nov., 2h. 42'0m. a.m.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Nov. Fri.	1 All Saints' Day.	6 2	5 26	3 49 m 4 18 a	10 3 m 10 55 m
Sat.	2	6 2	5 25	4 46 m 5 0 a	11 15 m 11 4 a.
Sun.	3 23rd Sunday after Trinity	6 3	5 25	5 33 m 6 31 a	0 34 m ..
Mon.	4	6 3	5 24	7 0 m 7 32 a	0 24 m 1 44 m
Tues.	5	6 4	5 24	8 2 m 8 57 a	1 44 m 2 37 a
Wed	6 English Mail expected.	6 4	5 23	8 52 m 9 42 a	2 26 m 3 15 a
Th.	7	6 5	5 23	9 31 m 10 19 a	3 39 m 3 49 a

POSTAL NOTICES.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS.

	Date.	Mail closes.	After packet.
United Kingdom	Nov. 4	5-30 P.M.	...
China	Nov. 12	5-0 P.M.	5-30 P.M.
Australia	,, 8	8-45 P.M.	4-15 P.M.
Mauritius and Reunion	,, 21	5-30 P.M.	...
Zanzibar, &c.	,, 21	5-30 P.M.	...

NOTICE.

IN ANSWER TO NUMEROUS ENQUIRIES

MESSRS. DAVIS,

SURGEON DENTISTS,

HAVE returned to Bombay and may be consulted at Rampart Row.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

NOBLE—October 30th, at 85, Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, London, the wife of George Edward Noble, Bombay, of a son. (By telegram.)

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

EASDON—October 29th, at Callian, the wife of W. Easdon, Traffic Department, G. I. P. Railway, of a son.

DEATHS.

LAING—October 29th, at the residence of his daughter, Mazagon, Bombay, of sclerosis of the liver, A. Laing, Esq., Gun-Maker, son of the late W. Laing, Esq., Gun-Maker, of Prince's Street, Edinburgh, aged 59 years and 3 months. Deeply regretted by all who knew him.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CLOETE—October 27th, at Ootacamund, the wife of Lieut-Colonel J G Cloete, of a son.

DUNCKLEY—October 25th, at Calcutta, the wife of C. H. Duncklev, of a son.

WHYTE—October 26th, at 7, Camac Street, the wife of J. Whyte, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GOVAN—ROBERTSON—October 23rd, at the Scotch Kirk, by the Rev G. Gillum, Peter Dickson Govan, to Annie, daughter of the late John Robertson, Esq., Glasgow.

HOWARD—BRICE—October 1st, at the Cathedral, by the Rev. B. T. Astley, Robert Howard, to Fanny, only daughter of the late William Brice.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1878.

THE English Government has at last decided, not indeed to declare war against the Amir of Kabul, but at least to send him an *ultimatum*. This is something gained, for we shall have clearly set forth in the *ultimatum* what England wants, and Shere Ali will know exactly what he has to expect if he rejects the demands made upon him. The fire-eating *Pioneer*, inspired by the military clique at Simla, is indignant at the humiliation to which it thinks the Government of India will expose itself by continuing negotiations with the Amir; but obviously no one can pretend to form a rational judgment as to the propriety of the course taken by the Government till the Amir's letter to the Viceroy is published. Our Calcutta contemporary, the *Statesman*, with admirable prescience, pledged its credit a week ago that the Government would not dare to publish the Amir's reply to the proposal that he should receive Sir Neville Chamberlain's Mission; and it is a singular fact that the contents of this reply have up to the present moment been kept absolutely secret, and that only hearsay reports as to its tenour have appeared in either the English or the Indian newspapers. Even now, when the Government deigns to confirm the rumours which represented Shere Ali's reply to be both defiant and insolent, and when it assures us that the letter sent by Shere Ali "is discourteous and unsatisfactory, making no excuse for the indignity offered by the repulse of the Mission, and generally indicating a disposition quite averse to a pacific solution," the exact words of the letter are not published; and it seems to us that the public has a right to know what Shere Ali has really said, and to put its own interpretation on the language used by him. Public opinion in England at all events will certainly be dissatisfied with a mere assurance given by the Government that the Amir's reply is "discourteous and unsatisfactory," for it will be remembered that the Emperor Napoleon went to war in 1870 because he fancied his Ambassador had been insulted by the King of Prussia, when in fact no insult was intended. Besides, the reply is evidently not so grossly insulting in its terms as to preclude further negotiations; for the Government has had it under consideration for ten days, and now proposes to send another letter to Shere Ali. The Government is, in our humble judgment, making a woful mistake in attempting to deprive the public of the materials on a study of which alone a fair estimate of the situation can be formed; and Lord Beaconsfield and Lord Lytton have only themselves to thank if the English people, whom they refuse to trust, accord them only a half-hearted support.

Some of our Indian contemporaries are furious at having their desire for immediate vengeance on the Afghans baulked; but, natural as this feeling may be, ordinary diplomatic forms must be observed, and the Government is bound to make out a good *casus belli* and not to give its enemies at home a chance by leaving the Amir's letter unanswered. Nor do we think that the delay of probably two or three months which must result from this renewal of negotiations will be less serviceable to the English than to the Afghans. The military preparations which have been in progress for the last six weeks have brought out in strong relief the deplorable unreadiness of the Indian army for a Frontier campaign. The jealous impotence of the Simla Court, which can do nothing itself but insists on curbing the energy of generals on the Frontier who might if left to themselves do a good deal, has caused something very like a collapse of all the arrangements for sending a large expeditionary force into Afghanistan. Complaints reach us from all sides of the lamentable inefficiency of the transport and commissariat organisation, and we even hear of a want of unity of command which leads to the issue of contradictory orders to different regiments. Some troops of the Quetta column have already reached their destination, but apparently the only hope for the rescue of the whole column from starvation lies in the loyal co-operation of the Khan of Khelat, who has come forward to aid the Commissariat. Lord Lytton certainly did an excellent stroke of business, when, with the assistance of Major Sandeman, he made an ally of the Khan of Khelat, who has now opened for him the side door into Afghanistan. This is one farseeing act of his foreign policy on which the Viceroy may be congratulated. But all the reinforcements for Quetta will not, in any case, arrive at that station before the end of this month; and, if even the difficulties of want of carriage and food be overcome, the garrison of Quetta, when reinforced, will be unable to advance on Kandahar till it has been relieved by General Stewart's force, which is only now gathering at Mooltan, and which cannot reasonably be expected to reach Quetta before the turn of the year. So, again, in the Kurram Valley, General Roberts appears to be not yet ready to act; and one may doubt if it could advance and hold the passes on the road to Kabul all through the winter months. A raid would be easy enough; that would be a mere excursion for the troops, who would do the work allotted to them and then return to comfortable quarters in British territory; but the seizure and continued occupation of Passes which are blocked with snow during the winter months, and in which the troops would be exposed to the incessant attacks of an active enemy, would entail far greater hardships and the employment of a very considerable force. Further, it is not easy to see what would be gained by attempting an Afghan campaign till all the columns destined for field service are ready to co-operate with one another, and it appears that the troops at Peshawur cannot possibly make an advance for the next month or six weeks. No doubt, this terrible unreadiness must be in great measure laid to the charge of General Strachey, to whom India owes the incompleteness of her Indus Valley and Punjab Northern Railways. An ex-Governor General is said to have described General Strachey as India's greatest political danger, and we have ourselves often spoken of him familiarly as the curse of the country. If any disaster happened to our army in Afghanistan because the communications with India are imperfect, General Strachey should be held responsible for it, and the very best thing that could be done with him would be to hang him, just to encourage other clever and perverse officials who do not hesitate to sacrifice the interests of India to the gratification of their own vanity. But still, say what we will, there is our army at present in a state of immobility, with a difficult country and three months of winter before it; and perhaps we ought to feel relieved that, in such circumstances, it is not likely to have any fighting to do till next spring.

We suspect, therefore, that the Government of India, feeling it has blundered in its military arrangements, and conscious of the unreadiness of its army for a campaign, is really grateful for the respite which its officious champions are so eager to deprecate. If war were declared tomorrow, nothing of moment could be done till the spring; so that an *ultimatum*, which must clearly define the position of the Government, and commit it to a certain line of action, will be as effectual as an immediate declaration of war. The fear is expressed that advantage may be taken by the Russians of the delay in the advance of our troops to strengthen the defences of Afghanistan. But it is extremely improbable that Russia will openly assist the Amir. If she did so, she would provoke at once a war in which she would be attacked by England in her new conquests on the shores of the Black Sea, and she can hardly wish to run this risk at present. Indirect assistance she may give to the Afghans; but of what value will that be against a strong and well-disciplined army consisting largely of artillery? It is forgotten, by critics who think the Russians may during the winter anticipate us by occupying the chief strategical positions in Afghanistan, that the possession of Quetta gives us an enormous advantage. In a race for the capture of Kandahar, Kabul, and Herat, our troops would have the start of the Russians by a good many days' march; and if the English commissariat and transport services are not perfect, we can guess what must be the state of these branches of the Russian army in Central Asia from the stories we heard of the sufferings of the Russian troops in Bulgaria. The command of Quetta, then, enables the English to await with perfect tranquillity the approach of spring; and we shall be only too delighted if meanwhile the Home Government takes advantage of this pause in Asia and repress Russian aggression in South-Eastern Europe. But we attach little weight to the tall talk of the *Times* on this subject. Everyone is sick by this time of hearing what England ought to do. As Sir Oliver says in the *School for Scandal*, so after reading an eloquent leader in the *Times* on Russian ambition and English morality, we feel inclined to exclaim, "D—n your sentiments." If the Empire is to be saved, it must be by deeds not by words; and we grieve to say that we see no evidence yet of the possession by the Ministry of that robustness of character which would quickly substitute action for timid counsels.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCT. 11.

PUBLIC attention is still fixed more upon Indian than upon home affairs. The Cabinet Council on Saturday last sat three hours, and then Ministers immediately dispersed to their respective country seats, Sir Stafford Northcote going to Balmoral to attend upon the Queen. There was a great demand for the *Observer* on Sunday, in the hope that it might contain some information as to the result of the ministerial deliberations, but this hope proved a vain one, and indeed it seems that there was no story to tell. The Afghan question, it is understood, is at present in Lord Lytton's hands, and probably occupied but a small portion of the three hours' sitting. There were plenty of other matters to discuss. Turkish affairs are by no means promising. The power of the Turkish Government is paralysed in Albania, where armed bands murder Pashas and set all attempts at government at defiance; the Porte, although profuse in promises, still hesitates to accept Sir Henry Layard's proposals, and refuses to conclude a convention with Austria, whom it accuses of having violated international law. The Russians have, by order of the Czar, stopped the withdrawal of their troops on the ground of outrages said to have been committed on Christian inhabitants of the districts which were being evacuated, and have reoccupied the famous lines of Tchataldja; and indeed both in Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia they are showing signs of a determination to prolong their occupation for an indefinite period. Meanwhile the Russian press continues to express its delight at the complications which have arisen in Afghanistan, and is urging that Russia should make the Amir's cause her own, and so effectually paralyse English influence in the East. They maintain that if Afghanistan were subdued by England it would be a permanent menace to the Russian position in Central Asia, and even the *Bourse Gazette*, which is said to have opposed the Turkish war, advises the despatch of sufficient Russian forces to the assistance of the Amir to render Afghanistan invincible. There are also rumours of an army of observation being advanced to guard Russian interests in the event of war between England and Afghanistan, and some of the Russian papers openly avow that the difficulty in which the English Government is now involved on the N. W. Frontier of India will enable Russia to carry out the provisions of the treaty of Berlin in her own way in Bulgaria and Roumelia. In the face of all these disturbing complications, the English Cabinet is understood to have fallen back upon the old plan of waiting upon Providence; and perhaps those are not far wrong who express a conviction that an attempt will be made during the winter to "square Russia" by making further "concessions" in

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

(OFFICIAL.)

THE AMIR'S REPLY.

SIMLA, Oct. 31.

The Amir's reply to the Viceroy's letter, brought ten days ago, was discourteous and altogether unsatisfactory, making no excuses for the indignity offered by the repulse of the Mission, and generally indicating a disposition quite adverse to a pacific solution. Nevertheless it has been decided to give the Amir a final opportunity of avoiding hostilities by sending to him an *ultimatum*, stating terms and demanding a reply within a period which is very short but amply sufficient for the purpose.

SICKNESS AMONGST AFGHAN TROOPS.

A telegram from Peshawur dated 29th, announces that a Deputation from the Sipah section of Afridis had come in and engages for the whole tribe. Another telegram states that the sickness amongst the Amir's troops at Ali Musjid is very great, 16 having died of fever on 29th October. The Mohmand picquets on Rhotas are stated to be departing.

THE VICEROY'S MOVEMENTS.

The rumour that the Viceroy is not going to Lahore is altogether unfounded. The Viceroy will probably not reach Lahore until 30th November, His Excellency's movements having been postponed for a few days.

Sir Alexander Arbuthnot proceeds to Calcutta as President in Council shortly.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

YESTERDAY'S CABINET COUNCIL.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

It was resolved at yesterday's Cabinet Council to send an *ultimatum* to the Amir of Afghanistan.

The London press generally approve of the resolution of the Government to give the Amir a last chance, but fear that it will be in vain.

The *Standard* of to-day, in a leading article, announces that it was also resolved at yesterday's Cabinet Council to require from all concerned a strict and literal observation of the Treaty of Berlin.

Advices have been received that 60,000 Russian troops have entered Roumelia from Bulgaria.

Consols yesterday closed at 94¼.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Bombay Mails of the 14th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

The heavy Bombay Mails of the 30th ulto. arrived at Southampton to-day per P. and O. steamer Somatra.

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, Oct. 31.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Bokhara, with he outward English Mails of the 18th instant, left at four yesterday afternoon.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats flat.

The London Cotton Market has been dull.

Fair Dhollera 4 5-16

The Manchester Market is been quiet.

Exchange on India 60 days' sight 1-7

4 per cent. Rupee Paper..... 73

4½ per cent. do 79½

3 per cent. Consols for account 94½

5 per cent. French Rente 1872 ..... 112½

Bar Silver 50½

About £125,000 have been paid into the Bank of England.

Departure—Australia.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, Oct. 31, 6 P.M.

Hongkong 31st—Manila Mail Monday 4th.

GALLE, Oct. 31, 4 P.M.

French Mail steamer Tigre from China arrived.

GALLE, Oct. 31, 9-40 P.M.

Singapore 31st—Mail for Batavia to-morrow.

COAST WEATHER REPORTS.—Oct. 31.

CANNANORE, 5 p.m.—Weather fine; wind W.; thermometer max. 85, min. 76; W. R. 29·76; barometer 29·70.

CARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind S.W 3; thermometer 82-5; barometr 29·810.

MANGALORE, 30, 4 p.m.—Weather fair; wind N.E. N.W.

TUTICORIN, 3-15 p.m.—Weather fine; wind S.W.; thermometer 92; barometer 29·78.

TUTICORIN, 5 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind N. E. light; thermometer 86.

RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand .....Rs. 7 5-16d. per Re.
Do. 6 months' sight...Rs. 8 1-16d. ,,
Credits, 3 ,, ,, ...Rs. 8 1-16d. ,,
Documents, 3 ,, ,, ...1s. 8¼d. ,,
France, 3 ,, ,, ...2-12. ,,

THE ACCOUNTANT GENERALSHIP OF MADRAS.

Mr. Tupp, C. S., N. W. P., has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Accountant General, Madras, with the view of his officiating as Accountant General of the Madras Presidency in February next, when Mr. Probyn, the Accountant General, intends to take furlough. Mr. Tupp's appointment is in accordance with the instructions of the Secretary of State to fill the office of Accountant Genaral, as a rule, from the Covenanted Civil Service, as required by the Statute.

At the annual meeting of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce yesterday an element was introduced into the discussion that has hitherto been unknown on such occasions, in the shape of a sharp criticism of the action taken by the Committee of the Chamber in regard to an important question that has engrossed the attention of the commercial community of Bombay during the past year, viz:—the question of the purchase by Government of the various foreshore properties at present in the hands of private owners. The critics were Mr. Kittredge (Messrs. Stearns, Hobart and Co.), and Mr. Paterson (Messrs. W. & A. Graham and Co.), who took exception to the letter on this subject sent by the Committee of the Chamber to Government on the 20th August last. Mr. Kittredge and Mr. Paterson considered that the Committee ought to have consulted the Chamber before sending forth such a letter; that the amount recommended by the Committee to be paid for the private foreshore properties (77 lakhs) was not supported by sufficient data—Mr. Kittredge believed the properties could be purchased much cheaper;—that a similar objection applied to the Committee's recommendation that 4½ per cent. interest should be paid; and that it was not fair to leave the nomination of members of the new Port Trust to represent the mercantile community solely in the hands of the Chamber of Commerce. The general question of the Government proposals was not discussed; but will come before the Chamber when the Bill to legalise the purchase and the formation of the new Trust is introduced into the local Legislative Council. A full report of the meeting of the Chamber will be published to-morrow.

A TELEGRAM from Peshawur to the *Pioneer* says:—The sick from the front come in daily, some of whom remain here, but others are sent on, as carriage can be spared, to Nowshera, where already there are about 150 in hospital. There is a rumour, not to be relied on, that a general advance will be made on the 5th of November. Owing to the pressure of messages in the telegraphic department, another main line is to be laid on to Peshawur, and the Roorkee Sappers and Miners are said to be under immediate orders for the work.

We hear that Lieutenant-Colonel Sartorius, who had been posted to Rawalpindi for general duty, has since been sent to Peshawur as Superintendent of the Transport Train.

THE *Englishman*:—Captain Norman, who was one of the *Times'* correspondents with the Turkish army in Armenia during the late war, is coming to India to represent the *Times* in the Afghan campaign. Captain Norman's knowledge of India especially fits him for the post.

THE official Condition Statement for the Province of Mysore for the fortnight ending the 19th October says—"The weather has continued seasonable during the fortnight: harvesting ragi has begun and will soon be general. Prospects are good, and prices, with fluctuations in places, are generally declining." Heavy rain was reported in the province on the 28th idem.

ADEN will in future be a place to which naval prisoners can be consigned by ships employed in the Red Sea. Arrangements have been recently made to provide the necessary accommodation at the existing prison at Aden for the reception of seamen who commit themselves sufficiently gravely to merit close confinement in such warm quarters.

THE *Englishman*:—There was a rumour in Rangoon, just before the last mail left, that several of the Shan Chiefs, tributary to Upper Burma, were in a state of revolt. This is by no means unlikely, as they revolted or refused to pay tribute more than once during the late King's life, and have now seized the opportunity of his death to do so again. United, the Shans would be quite strong enough to resist the Burmese troops, but they are continually quarreling, and each chief is jealous of the others.

THE writer of an article in the *Deccan Herald* says:—In looking over the list of shareholders of the City of Glasgow Bank, we have felt a good deal of anxiety lest some of our own relatives should appear on the list. We are glad to find that not one of those who are related to us as members of our family circle, extended to its nearest branches, are upon the dark list, which the *Bombay Gazette* has given to its readers. Nevertheless, we have met with the names of old friends who had nearly passed out of remembrance though they were the intimate friends of our youth. Here we have the young man of thirty years ago, who had by hard work and harder saving secured what he considered a competency for his old age; here we have the well remembered happy wife and mother, now a widow, left destitute with her children; and, sadder still, we have lists of orphan children who have lost all that they had in this ill-fated concern. An old life history has brought before us in the list of four girls whose names appear in Monday's *Bombay Gazette*. We remember their parents as one of the most respected couples in Dundee, the father a merchant. Doubtless, he had invested his money in the City of Glasgow Bank, thinking it a good provision for his daughters, who are now orphans indeed, having lost both their father and mother; and the provision that was secured for them by thoughtful love (it must have been twelve years ago) has been snatched from them at one blow.

Of the incidence and incidents of the Licence Tax as developed in urban regions, we (*Englishman*) have heard more than enough; but who shall trace the maleficent influence of that perverse fiscal device as it works its way in the remote mofussil? The loss from the shorn sheep in rural India is seldom heard, and can never by any possibility reach the abode of the gods who devised the irritating and one-sided impost. Chance has placed in our way what is indubitably a faithful account of how taxgathering is managed in Arcadia. The scene is not laid in these lower provinces, but we dare say its analogue might be found in many parts of Sir Ashley Eden's dominions. The subordinate revenue officers having received their *hukum* from the Collector or Commissioner *Sahib*, apply to the village headman for lists of all persons carrying on "industries, trades, or professions." One would like to know how the terms of the Act were done into the vernacular. It appears that no heed is taken of the Rs. 25 minimum income limit, while the widest interpretation is given to the terms trade or profession: all is fish that comes to the collector's net. Village servitors, such as barbers and potters, oil-crushers, and most of the carpenters and blacksmiths who are paid in kind, and scarcely ever receive a copper pice,—all these swell the ranks of village contributors to this "famine insurance" tax. Many of these humble artisans are supported only by handfuls of corn; but they must be ranked as persons carrying on "industries" for the purposes of this omnivorous and acrdid fiscal scheme. Milch cattle are almost extinct in the district to which we allude; but if any ryot exchanges a *seer* or two of dairy produce, he becomes a trader. One ryot is mentioned who had kept 25 sheep—only some of our readers know what wretched creatures are the sheep of the Indian plain—but as he exchanged a little woof and occasionally a lamb or two for grain, he must also be assessed as a trader.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI sends the following touchingly modest and ingenuous note to the *Times*, in reply to a letter exposing the absurdity of Mr. Dadabhai's estimate of the wealth of India, on which Mr. Hyndman has founded the conclusion that India is bankrupt:—

To the Editor of the Times.

SIR,—There has lately been some discussion in *The Times* between "C." and Mr. Hyndman, chiefly on some figures in my pamphlet on "The Poverty of India." It may be expected that some explanation or correction of any error I may have made is due from me. But as in the present state of Indian matters I should not give any occasion for the least possible suspicion that even an humble native of India like myself (and I believe natives generally) has the remotest desire to see Englishmen displaced in India, I think I would postpone any explanations I may have to make to an appropriate time. In the meantime I may request "C" to read my pamphlet fully, and if, after doing so, he shall think it requires any correction, to correct any facts or figures given in my pamphlet, I shall readily do so, as may be necessary.—Your obedient servant, DADABHAI NAOROJI.

32, Great St. Helen's, Oct. 10.

THE *Englishman* comments as follows on an apparently hard case which has recently occurred in Calcutta:—"Edwin Davis, a young Eurasian, stood first of six candidades at a competitive examination for the Subordinate Medical Department, but was passed over, along with two other Eurasian candidates, while three Europeans were appointed. The medical authorities, it will be seen, practically declined to assign any reason for disallowing the lad's claims in spite of his position in the examination and satisfactory testimonials as to character, and our contemporary assumes that their only motive for rejecting him arose from his mixed descent. If this was the case, and the circumstances, as they stand without explanation, certainly give some colour to the supposition, we need not say that their action was wholly unjustifiable. The Government was perhaps right in refusing to interfere with the discretion very properly entrusted to the medical authorities in respect of such appointments. It is, however, bound to take care that this discretion is not abused, and we can only hope it has satisfied itself that the department had not been biassed by mere considerations of colour. It strikes us, too, that where any reasons, independent of his intellectual acquirements, exist to disqualify a candidate for an appointment offered to public competition, it would be the more generous and proper course to acquaint him with the fact before, and not after, examination."

THE *Pioneer*:—The letter of Mr. A. Rogers, late member of the Bombay Council, on the subject of Factory Legislation in India, which appears in the *Times* of 24th September, contains a number of inaccuracies which, in the interests of truth, ought not to pass uncorrected. First, with regard to the Commission which sat under the orders of Sir Philip Wodehouse's Government, Mr. Rogers says that the Commission came to the conclusion that interference on the part of the legislature in favour of the factory operatives was uncalled for. This is contrary to the fact. The Commission, as originally formed, was composed of the following members, viz., Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot, the Collector of Ahmedabad, Mr. J. K. Bythell, Sir Mungaldass Nathoobhoy, Dr. T. Blaney, Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, Mr. H. Maxwell, Mr. G. A. Kittredge, Mr. Morarjee Goculdas, and Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit. Out of this number two of the independent members, Messrs. Bythell and Kittredge, were unable to act, leaving on the Commission three independent members (Arbuthnot, Blaney and Mandlik) and four millowners. Mr. Arbuthnot and Dr. Blaney, in their report, expressed a decided opinion that "a simple legislative enactment would be beneficial both to the factory owners and operatives." Of the remaining members, the four millowners naturally opposed legislation in any shape, and with them Mr. Mandlik concurred. We do not know how the members of Sir P. Wodehouse's Government were divided on the subject; but as regards Sir Philip Wodehouse himself, we understand that he had not formed any opinion about it, one way or the other. Mr. Rogers is again in error in stating that "children at all events, if not even men and women, work in the mills in pairs, one off and the other on, so that the hours of labour are really only one half of their nominal length." No such system prevails. As we stated the other day when referring to this subject, all the children and nearly all the women work the same number of hours as the men; and there is no arrangement of working by reliefs in either case. Mr. Rogers' other remarks may be allowed to stand for what they are worth.

THE *Colonial Empire* announces that a site has been secured for erecting a crematorium near London by the Cremation Society of Great Britain; and Mr. Eassie, C.E., has been instructed to erect upon it a pyre of the kind designed by Gorini and now in use at Milan.

THE *Army and Navy Gazette*:—The arrangements for Transport and Supply as administered lately at Cyprus have been so much vilified that it seems only an act of justice to the Commissariat Department to give to the public the very favourable accounts that reach us of the way affairs have been conducted at Malta during the sojourn of the Indians on the latter island. From the best authority we hear nothing but praise of the good work performed by Deputy Commissary General Adams and his subordinates. We can fully realise the difficulties under which they laboured when called upon to supply the wants of cooking Sikhs and non-cooking Hindoos. "Figurez vous, monsieur," having never been farther Eastward than the Mediterranean, how you would feel when desired to feed people whose ration, amongst other curious condiments, comprises "choors, kuth, and pows," and to find on inquiry that these strange things could not be done into English or any Western tongue. And yet since the departure of the bulk of the Indian Contingent to Cyprus some 1,100 native soldiers and followers remaining behind have fed to repletion, and wanted for nothing, although the Commissariat staff at Malta was unassisted by a single officer of the Indian Commissariat Department. We consider that every credit is due to Deputy Commissary-General Adams and his officers, and we trust that their efforts will be recognised, forming, as they do, such a bright contrast to the manner in which affairs appear to have been administered in our latest possession.

At the sitting of the Middlesex magistrates on Oct. 11 for the granting of music and dancing licences an application for the renewal of the licence of the Oxford Music Hall was opposed by Major Lyon on the ground of a police report that it was frequented by women of bad character. Mr. Poland, who supported the application, said the hall had always been well conducted, and that the objection raised would be applicable to every place of public amusement in London. A police inspector, under whose observation the hall had been for seven years, and a superintendent of police, who was specially engaged to assist in the proper management of the hall, were called as witnesses to the character of the place, and on the question of renewing the licence being put, it was carried by 26 to 11 votes. The renewal of the licence to the Sun Music Hall, Brompton, was also opposed, but was granted by a majority of 25 to 15. The renewal of the licence to the Argyll Rooms was opposed by Mr. Bottomley Firth, who, after referring to a petition presented against the granting of the licence, signed by Archbishop Manning, Archdeacon Jennings, and others, said that the existence of the Argyll Rooms was a scandal to public morality and an outrage to the city in which they lived. He called as a witness the inspector of police of the district, Inspector Hume, who said that alternately with some other inspectors, he had visited the Argyll Rooms by direction of the local superintendent at least fifty times during the past year. The music began there at nine o'clock, but the company began to flock in from half-past ten to eleven o'clock at night. Undoubtedly the majority of the women who went there were women of the town. Others, who came there in their broughams, were "fast" women. The same people, to a great extent, went there every night. He had not been many weeks in London to go there, but there might be some. In cross-examination the witness said this place was the resort of "gay women," but there was no impropriety going on. Mr. Poland addressed the court in support of the licence. The place was, he said, licensed as a casino, and the licence had been renewed from year to year with a perfect knowledge of what the rooms were. The licence was refused by 33 to 16 votes.

BOMBAY.

THE following is the programme of music to be played this evening by the band of H. M.'s Marine Battalion at the Colaba Bandstand:—

March		
Quadrille	Chaine des Fleurs	Faust.
Selection	Martha	Flotow.
Aria	From Love I'm Banished	Mozart.
Waltzes	Immortellen	Gung'l.
Galop	Hit and Miss	Herve.

THE following is the programme of music to be played this evening by the band of the 66th (Berkshire) Regiment at the Colaba Bandstand at 5-30 p.m.:—

March	Punjab	Anon.
Overture	Golden Crom	Brull.
Waltz	Osmanly	Lanner.
Quadrille	Frankforten Palmergerten	Kuhner.
Selection Op.	Cloches de Corneville	Planquette.
Galop	Jolly Bachelor	Standhaft.

A SALUTE of 21 guns was fired yesterday at noon by H. M.'s ship Spartan, in honour of the anniversary of the birth of the King of Portugal.

THE following are the additional passengers per Italian Mail Steamer Arabia, Captain Serra, which sails to-day:—

FOR GENOA.—Mr. F. G. Arbuthnot, Mr. M. LePez, Major H. J. Stock, Mrs Nichols.

MR. P. C. Higgins, returned from sick leave, resumes charge of the office of Superintendent of Markets to-day.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 26th October, was 58 feet. In the corresponding week last year it was 54 feet 9 tenths.

KAZI WAHIDBAKHS, Special Sub-Registrar of Labdaris, in the Shikarpur Collectorate, is dismissed the service for receiving a bribe offered to him in order that his evidence in a case in which he was a witness might be biased, and he is declared incapable of serving Government in any capacity.

THE quantity of wheat shipped from the port of Bombay to foreign external ports and foreign Indian ports during the month of September was 15,432 cwts., valued at Rs. 87,639. The quantity shipped coastwise to Sind to foreign external ports and foreign Indian ports during the same month was 3,925 cwts., valued at Rs. 0,969.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 21st October was Rs. 46,26,898, add silver received during the week Rs. 2,35,333. The sum of Rs. 7,00,714 in new coin was paid during the week; the balance left was Rs. 41,61,517. There is in addition bullion valued at Rs. 11,761,261 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults and awaiting assay.

MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 29th October, was 568, being 9 more than in the preceding week, 21 less than the total of the week ending 30th October 1877, and 193 more than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 292 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population was 24·83. There were 142 deaths from zymotic fever, being 5 more than in the previous week, and 57 less than in the same period last year. There were 10 deaths from cholera last week as compared with 8 the previous week. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 107, 34, and 29, respectively, as compared with 44, 32, and 38 last year.

THE following notification appeared in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—"His Excellency the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to authorize the Commissioner of Police in Bombay and the District Magistrates (including the Agent for the Governor in the Deccan) to appoint as Political Superintendent, Thar and Parkar, and the Superintendent Upper Sind Frontier, to pay a reward of not less than half the value of articles confiscated under Section 24 of Act No. XI. of 1878 (The Indian Arms Act) to the Customs officers, Railway servants, servants of Police and Municipal officers, steamboat officers, or other persons who may have given information which led to the detection of the offence, or who may have arrested the offenders or seized their Arms under Section 12 of the said Act."

THEFT ON BOARD THE S. S. INDIA.—A Goanese, named Sailoo Francis, was yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of stealing two pieces of calico print, valued at Rs. 4, the property of the steam-ship India. He was sentenced to one month's hard labour.

THEFT.—A Hindoo woman was yesterday sentenced by Mr. W. Webb to four months' rigorous imprisonment, on being convicted of stealing sundry articles, consisting of wearing apparel, brass vessels, and metal ornaments, of the value of Rs. 44, belonging to Davideen Lolla.

BREACH OF SHIP DISCIPLINE.—Pascol Cathino, a Goanese seaman of the P. and O. steamship Bangalore, was yesterday sent-need by Mr. C. P. Cooper to two weeks' hard labour for absenting himself without leave, or any reasonable cause, from that ship, of which he is an articled seaman.

SUICIDE.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Cumatepoora on view of the body of Sayans Nagoo, who was an habi ual drunkard. The following verdict was recorded, "that the death of the deceased was caused by his having committed suicide by hanging himself."

THE 2ND QUEEN'S AT POONA.—We are given to understand that the many friends at Poona of the Queen's Royal Regiment are about to present the officers' mess with a handsome piece of plate. A circular inviting subscriptions has lately been sent to many residents at Poona, and the Agent of the Poona Branch Bombay Bank has kindly consented to receive the subscriptions, which should be paid as soon as possible to the "Queen's Cup Fund," as it is wished to present the cup or piece of plate before the regiment leaves for England. The Queen's have been twice quartered at Poona and on both occasions have been most popular both on account of their hospitality and the very good tone in the regiment.—*Poona Observer.*

PERFECTION.—Mr. S. Allen's World's Hair Restorer (the genuine only in pink paper wrapper) never fails to restore Grey Hair to its youthful colour, imparting to it new life, growth and lustrous beauty. Its action is certain and thorough, quickly banishing greyness, scurf, and dandruff. It ever proves itself the natural strengthener and restorer, and its superiority and excellence are established throughout the world. Sold by Treacher & Co., Bolton & Co., and D. Fenton & Co., Bombay; Smith, Standstreet & Co. and S. Smith, Thomson & Co., Calcutta; De Bosaix & Co., Madras; Pestonjee Cowasjee & Co., Allahabad; E. Plomer & Co., Simla and Lahore; J. Maitland & Co., Colombo; and dealers to all principal towns.—[ADVT.]

THE HINDOOSTAN SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE fifth annual ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held on Wednesday, the 30th ultimo., at 4-30 p. m., at the Company's Mills on the Byculla Flats, Haines road, Mr. Damodhar Thackersey Mooljee, chairman of the board of directors, presided. The notices convening the meeting advertised in the local papers were read. The report of the directors and the balance sheet circulated amongst the shareholders were taken as read, after which the following resolutions were put:—

1. Proposed by the chairman, seconded by Mr. Vundrawandas Ramjee, and carried unanimously, "That the report of the directors and the audited accounts and balance sheet for the year ending 30th June 1878 be and are hereby confirmed."

2. Proposed by Mr. Govindjee Thackersey, seconded by Mr. Dadabhai Bezonjee Katruck, and carried *nem con.* "That a dividend of Rs. 30 per whole and Rs. 7½ per quarter share be paid to the registered shareholders on and after the 5th November 1878, and that Rs. 3,500 be carried to the credit of the following accounts:—

Re. 2,000 "Insurance Fund" on account.
,, 1,500 "Wear and Tear" on account.
Re. 3,500.

3. Proposed by Mr. Moorarjee Mooljee, seconded by Mr. Jamnadas Ramjee, and carried, "That Mr. Harjiwandas Bhowanbhai be elected in room of Mr. Cursondass Hulloo, who resigned the board of directors accepted with regret, and that the appointment made of Mr. Mooljee Callanjee as a director be confirmed, to fill up the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Vussonjee Munjee."

4. Proposed by Mr. Pragjee Thackersey, seconded by Mr. Nathoobhai Ramjee, and carried unanimously, "That Messrs. Framjee Tamooljee and Fackerjee Muncherjee Patell be appointed auditors of the Company for the year 1878-79 at a remuneration of Rs. 150 each." After which the meeting dissolved.

AMENITIES OF NATIVE JOURNALISM.

The Rast Goftar vs. The Bombay Sammachar.

THE charge of defamation brought by Mr. Kaikhosroo N. Kabrajee, editor of the *Rast Goftar* newspaper, against Mr. Ardaseir Byramjee Patell, secretary Bombay Cricket Club, and Mr. Manockjee Burjorjee, editor and proprietor of the *Bombay Sammachar* newspaper, was called on yesterday before Mr. Nana Morojee, at the Fort Police Court. Mr. Ardasir, solicitor, appeared for the complainant; and Mr. Gill, instructed by Mr. Bhaishunker, for the defendants. The Court was excessively crowded by young Parsees.

Mr. Ardasir, in addressing the Court, said a short preliminary statement of the circumstances under which the summons was applied for would assist his Worship in understanding the nature of the charge. There was a club called the Cricket Club which was started about a year ago; and although obscure in its origin, it had by dint of perseverance got into some notice lately. They played some time ago a match with the Bombay Gymkhana, the members of which are European gentlemen of position; and the idea entered thereafter into the heads of the young cricketers of coming to England and play a match there. The matter was talked about; and the question became one of public importance in the Parsee community whether the young men were fit persons to go to England as champion players. The complainant on public grounds opposed the movement. He wrote a series of articles in his paper; the parents of the members of the Cricket Club were inclined against the proposal; and the movement eventually fell through. The members of the club afterwards wanted to elect a president; and applications were made to two leading gentlemen, Messrs. Framjee Cowasjee Banajee and Framjee and Mr. S. S. Bengalee, but they were severally declined by both gentlemen. Eventually a similar application was made to the complainant; and after a deal of consideration, he accepted the presidentship of the club. Mr. Ardasir stopped here to point out the contents of defendant's letter—written in his name by the first defendant and published by the second—certain statements which, he said, must have been made maliciously, because they must have been known to be untrue by the writer.

The Magistrate.—Is the writer a member of the club?

Mr. Ardasir said the writer was its secretary, and was turned out for misconduct in reference to monies which were entrusted to his charge. (A passage from the defendant's letter was read, to the effect that the complainant, before he was appointed president, was in favour of the members of the club going to England, and even to America; but that having secured the presidentship, he strongly opposed the movement.) Now, these charges came down, apparently, among the mass of the Government, then Cabinet meetings, and finally this insanely stupid order, telling us to ask the Ameer, after he has insulted us, whether he is in joke or in earnest. Its stupidity does not mainly depend upon that which makes it obviously, at the first glance, so stupid. The mischief it will do is not merely that the Ameer will be encouraged to believe more and more in his infatuated creed about the relative strength and trustworthiness of English and Russians. The real mischief is that it gives to the Russian diplomat was so anxious to go to England that he was even ready to prostitute his power as an editor to a selfish purpose. Mr. Gill remarked, in verification of the statements in the libel, showed that the writer was aware of its defamatory character. Another passage that was read, charged the complainant with such ignorance of cricketing that he could not understand the difference between an "run" and an "inning." I think so. The Government of Russia could be talked and argued into behaving itself? The evidence grows clearer that,—as yesterday's telegram expressed it,—if we occupy the south of Afghanistan, Russia will occupy the north. That is to say that unchecked advance on her encroachments—the country which she declared a few years ago as outside the sphere of her action and recognised as semi-dependent on India, she now chooses to treat as outside the action of the Government of India, and naturally dependent on Russia. Yet, instead of meeting that encroachment in the only way it can properly be met by a fierce unhesitating outcry of anger and hostility, the British Government actually temporises,—orders the Government of India for the present to submit to this Russian theory of its relations with Afghanistan, and puts upon the Viceroy, in the sight of all India, the humiliation of having to stay the advance of the Russian troops. Such a policy is monstrous in its folly. There are occasions for measured language, and there are occasions for speaking plainly, and this is one of the latter.

(*Pioneer.*)

THE Viceroy's visit to Lahore will probably, we are informed from Simla, be abandoned in consequence of the extraordinary turn that has been given to events by the orders now received from home. This change in itself is of no great moment. The Viceroy's presence at Lahore, had the invasion at once begun, would not have contributed much to the vigorous prosecution of the war. It would have looked well, but that would have been all. If it would have given His Excellency any greater facilities than he would enjoy at Simla or Calcutta, for interfering in military details that ought to be left to military commanders, the Lahore arrangement would have been an evil rather than a benefit. From the time comes for carrying out the invasion—and in spite of any temporary suspension of orders that time will of course come at no distant date—it is to be hoped that the wisdom of concentrating all authority as regards all matters appertaining to the conduct of the war will have been fully recognised. From all persons on the frontier in a position to have an opinion on the subject, the division of authority now established is pronounced to be impolitic and injurious arrangement. Practical experience more than confirms the obvious *a priori* conclusion on the subject. We have referred already, on more occasions than one, to the inexpediency of leaving the Frontier Force under one authority, and the rest of the troops at Peshawur under another. The same mistake is developed in a far large degree when the civil Government and the military government are both directing the general preparations. There is no doubt about who will be the boss. The Commander-in-Chief—if he is to command, or Sir Neville Chamberlain, if the Viceroy should decide on that arrangement—ought to go at once to Peshawur and be quite supreme in all matters as regards preparing for launching and conducting the invasion. No doubt, until the Government at home recover their senses, the General appointed to carry on the war must confine himself to the work of preparation, but in neither case would there be anything to gain really by the establishment of a Viceregal camp at Lahore, and the division of the Government of India into halves, the Council of Calcutta and its head in the Punjab. The really important work before the Viceroy now is the task of explaining to the Government at home that their new proposals are preposterous. Let us trust that he will not allow himself to be swayed from his task by the thought that a Viceroy's duty to the Government at home is to obey. That is not a Viceroy's first duty, where his own knowledge of a crisis to be dealt with is clear and precise, and the measures he is directed to carry out are manifestly founded upon a totally imperfect conception of the facts. The whole history of British India, of its glory and its growth, has been a history of the disobedience of Governors-General and their ultimate vindication.

THE following telegram is published in the *Pioneer*:—

LOTI, THROUGH RAJANPORE, 29th Oct.

General Biddulph and staff and Mr. Fryer arrived here to-day, shortly after the 70th, E-4th are at Kajuri. Some fever is still prevailing owing to hot sun during the day and considerable cold at night. 5 per cent of postheens have been sanctioned for the British troops. The General, it is believed, has recommended one for every European. The troops are in great spirits, and are making the barren cliffs of these defiles re-echo with their merry laugh and song. A company of Native Infantry is to be sent to Bugti Dera under a European officer, and one to Lehri under a native officer, from Mooltan or Rajanpore. A troop of the 1st Punjab Cavalry has been sent to Bugti Dera. From Lehri half a troop and half a company are also asked for from the Reserve for Bandowalla. The detachments of four sowars at the intermediate stations are to remain for dak and conservancy purposes. A doctor and small hospital will also been recommended for Bugti Dera, and a native doctor or apothecary for Lehri.

The direct road from Mithankote to Asci is reported by Mr Dames, on the 21st, to be still flooded, and not likely to be practicable for troops for some weeks. General Biddulph and Mr. Fryer are accompanied by Imam Baksh, the ruling chief of these parts, and Retchi Khan, the Firmandar of the Chambanis. All well in camp, and all reported quiet in front.

A scrimmage has occurred between the Murris and the Bugtis: two of the latter and four Murris killed.

The Bugti Chief, Shamzan Khan, has just arrived, and is in durbar with the General and Mr. Fryer.

Mandalband, ten miles from Kahrodhani, has been adopted as the fifth stage in lieu of Kajuri, which has been abandoned.

Colonel LeMesurier has been appointed Commanding Officer of the Royal Artillery to this force. Colonels Moore and Hitchins and Captain Stewart, with Colonel Lane and the second convoy, reached Bandowalla to-day. The first convoy has gone on to Bugti Dera. The General and staff, Mr. Fryer, and the 70th reach Bugti Dera to-morrow.

MADRAS REGIMENTS FOR BENGAL.

THE 19th N. I. is also under orders for Calcutta and will embark from Madras, and not from Negapatam. The transport intended for the movement of the 14th and 19th N. I., have not been named, so it may be assumed that the Tenasserim will work round to Madras from Bombay, whither she has just conveyed the 13-8 Battery R. A., and that the Czarewitch will drop down to our roads from the Hooghly to embark the Dinapore regiment. The 14th is a Battalion, so the embarkation of the 19th N. I. may be deferred for a month to come; that is to say, if the 14th N. I be first selected for embarkation, and if the transports have to return for a second trip. "Em-rgent" telegrams are so common now-a-days, that Commanding Officers ought not to worry themselves when ordered to hold them-elves in readiness "for immediate embarkation." It is probable that the 25th N. I., now in camp at Madras, will be sent to Vellore as soon as the 14th can leave that station, the latter Regiment going into the 25th camp at Pooloopettah. This would be acceptable to both corps, the 25th being naturally anxious to get settled after their long knocking about, and the 14th to be handy for embarkation when the vessels arrive.—*Madras Mail.*

MESSRS. COOK AND STANLEY, the celebrated billiard players, left Madras on Monday for Hyderabad, where they have been engaged to play.

EUROPEAN AND OTHER EXTRACTS

LORD DUFFERIN'S FAREWELL TO CANADA.

ON the 25th of September, the Earl of Dufferin, Governor-General of Canada, made the following speech at Toronto, in reply to an address presented to him on the occasion of the opening of an exhibition of the Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario:—

"Mr. President, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—In endeavouring to return you my best thanks for the noble reception you are giving me, for the series of Arabian Night's entertainments through which from hour to hour and day to day I have been hurried by your hospitable citizens, I can truly say I have never felt less equal to such a task. During the past six years and a half, indeed, I have been often required at various times and places to say what are called a 'few words' to different classes of my fellow countrymen in the Dominion. But on these occasions there was always some current topic to engage our attention, and to which it was desirable I should address myself. Now, however, the case is very different. It is true we have a special business before us. I am nominally here to open this exhibition, and, perhaps, in ordinary circumstances it would be sufficient for me to dilate upon the splendour of this building, the variety, the richness of its contents, the proofs it displays, not merely of the material wealth of Canada, but of the energy, ingenuity, and industry of our mechanics, artisans, and agriculturists; but my imagination refuses to be confined within even these spacious halls. (Applause.) No! the contributions they enclose only serve to conjure up before me in all their beauty the radiant expanses of those seven fair provinces I have traversed from end to end ('Hear, hear,' and applause); and it is not the departments of a mere provincial show which lie map ped out beneath my feet, but the territories of our great Dominion, the wealth and capabilities of which these courts exhibit. Nor is it in the presence of a detached crowd of casual sight-seers that I seem to stand, but face to face with that entire population, with whose destinies I have been so long associated, to whom I owe so much, and who are building up a British policy upon this side of the Atlantic which is destined, I trust, to exemplify more successfully than any other what happiness, what freedom, what strength, what peace can be secured to man by patiently, wisely, soberly, expanding and developing those great principles of Constitutional and Parliamentary Government which centuries ago were born in England (applause), which our ancestors shed their blood to defend, which our forefathers transplanted to this country, and which our fathers have left us as the most precious inheritance they could bestow. (Tremendous applause.) Impressed, then, by such a consciousness, knowing that to-day for the last time I am speaking to the people of Canada, what am I to say? There are many things I would desire to say at such a moment, but I dread to tread on forbidden ground. (Laughter.) As you are well aware, on all those matters which are of real and vital moment to you, I am only entitled to repeat in public such words of wisdom as my Ottawa Egerias may put into my mouth. (Great laughter.) On my own behalf it is only competent for me to expatiate in those vaporous fields of extra-political disquisition which may happen to be floating around the solid political life of the people. Yet, perhaps, a Viceroy *in extremis* might claim exceptional indulgence. (Laughter.) To all moribund personages, as to Jacob when he gathered the Fathers of Israel round his bedside, the privilege of monition and benediction has been granted. (Applause and laughter.) Happily my closing sentences need not be of such ambiguous import as those addressed by the Patriarch to Judah and his brethren. (Great laughter.) Though a country in the throes of a general election might have some sympathy with the attitude of Issachar (loud laughter), as I am not a defeated Prime Minister, I have no temptation to apply to you the burden of Asses. (Renewed laughter.) What, then, is to be my valediction—my parting counsel to the citizens of the Dominion, before I turn my face to the wall? A very few words will convey them. Love your country, believe in her, honour her, work for her, live for her, die for her. (Tremendous applause.) Never, I say, was a country endowed with a nobler birthright, or blest with prospects of a fairer future. Whatever gift God has given to man is to be found within the borders of your ample territories; and as regards the duty imposed upon you is to go forth and multiply, and replenish the earth." (Applause and laughter.) It is true the zone within which your lines are cast is characterised by ruder features than those assigned to lower latitudes in the more sunward-stretching lands; but the North has ever been the home of liberty, industry, and valour (cheers), and great diversities of climate and of geographical and physical conditions are wont to breed antagonistic material interests and disruptive tendencies which the fortunate uniformity of your own climate and position can never engender. (Applause.) It is also true you are not so rich as many other communities

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Do. do. 12 do. do. 5 "

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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

Bombay, 1st December 1877.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.

RESERVE FUND—£150,000.

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GRANTS DRAFTS on its HEAD OFFICE, LONDON BANKERS, FRANCE and GERMANY, AS WELL AS ON THE OTHER AGENCIES AND BRANCHES;

NEGOTIATES, and RECEIVES FOR COLLECTION, BILLS OF EXCHANGE; EFFECTS REMITTANCES IN THE BANK'S OWN DRAFTS, WITHOUT CHARGE FOR COMMISSION; AND CONDUCTS ALL KINDS OF GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

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Current Deposit Accounts interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly Balances, up to Rs. One Lac, but no interest allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

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ARE RECEIVED AT CALL ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE LEARNED ON APPLICATION, AND FOR FIXED PERIODS AS FOLLOWS:—
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12 " ..... 5 " "

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

C. J. SHARP, Agent.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL.....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....Dollars 1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal.
Interest at 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. 6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.

For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.

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ALEX. LEITH,
Elphinstone Circle Acting Agent.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

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BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

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At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and

On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
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And also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.

If desired, the Bank will send the Draft direct to the party whose address is given.

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.

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Interest will be allowed .....at 5 p. ct. per annum.
Do. 6 do. do. do. 4 do.

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LITHOGRAPHIC STONES, 24 by 18 } At Rs. 25 per pair.
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Estimates and Plans submitted for all kinds of Forgings, (under steam hammer), Ornamental and Plain Castings, Girders, Roofs, Shafting, Gearing and Pulleys, Cranes, Mortar-Mills, Road Rollers, Water and Conservancy Carts, Sluices, &c.

Engines and Machinery of all kinds imported through our London Agents on Commission or Estimate. Every information given on application.

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THE ASIAN SPORT SHIKAR.

THE TURF, GARDEN, TEA, INDIGO, WHIST, CHESS, &c.

ON or about Tuesday, October 15th, will be published the first number of a NEW FORTNIGHTLY SPORTING PAPER under the above title.

As far as may be practicable, it is proposed to make it for India what *The Field*, which journal it will resemble in size and general "get-up," is for England.

Devoting its principal attention to Indian Sport in all it multiform varieties, THE TURF, SHIKAR, RIFLE SHOOTING, ATHLETICS, AQUATICS, POLO, IN DOOR AMUSEMENTS, THE DRAMA, &c., it will in addition have columns specially set apart for the Tea and Indigo planting interests, Agricultural information, the Indian Garden, and matters of general moment connected with these subjects.

Supplementary to these it will contain an "abstract and brief chronicle" of the more important events in English, American, and Australian Sport; and being edited by a gentleman of great experience in sporting matters, assisted by contributors specially selected for their knowledge of the departments to be entrusted to them, it is believed that "THE ASIAN" will speedily become a recognised authority on all the matters with which it professes to deal.

The want of a good sporting paper in the East, which shall not only supply the news, but whose leading columns will be used in the discussion and ventilation of all questions of moment connected with sport, has been so frequently and so generally acknowledged, that its projectors confidently expect the support which they now solicit. They, on their part, pledge themselves to give the public a really high class paper, handsomely got up, carefully compiled and readable throughout, and it remains for those to whom they appeal to show them whether they are mistaken or not in supposing such paper to be a desideratum

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GRIFFITH'S NEW ZINC WHITE PAINT,

Covers 100 per cent. more than Oxide Zinc.
Covers 25 per cent. more than White Lead.

It retains its Whiteness under all conditions.
A Red Heat will not destroy it.
Will never Blister.
Is Non-poisonous—Has no Smell.
Has no Chemical Action upon Metals.

This Patent Zinc White, or substitute for Lead, received the highest possible praise at the Meeting of "Society of Arts and Manufactures," London, and "Social Science Congress."

So great has been the demand for it since its introduction, that the proprietors, who were producing about 25 tons PER WEEK in Liverpool, have been compelled to purchase Extensive Works in London, where they can manufacture about 80 tons extra PER WEEK, they have also had to secure sufficient room to increase the production to 200 tons weekly, making them the largest producers of White Pigment in Europe.

WHITE LEAD possesses only one good property, viz., "covering power," it is poisonous, soon loses its capacity, and turns yellow with Sewer and other Gases, and prejudicially affects Iron and other metals.

OXIDE ZINC has scarcely half the covering power of lead, but it is whiter and retains its colour.

GRIFFITH'S PATENT ZINC WHITE has all the *good* properties of both the above without any of their drawbacks, viz., it has far more body than Lead, has double that of Oxide Zinc, has the same whiteness, will never change colour even in sulphuretted hydrogen (which destroys Lead) and does not lose its opacity by age. It is calcined at a red heat in its manufacture, hence is almost indestructible, and, of course, will stand any variation of climate. Its durability is such that it is admirably adapted for protecting Iron, Wooden or Cement Structures; in any exposed situations, from the effects of the weather.

PROFESSOR PHIPSON says—"It is one of the most ingenious and useful discoveries of modern times."

GRIFFITH'S PATENT NEW ZINC WHITE is at present used by the English and other Governments as well as large private firms.

GRIFFITHS, FLETCHER & BERDOE will be most happy to forward test samples, also full reports from the highest scientific authorities in the kingdom, gratis, to any one applying direct to them, or to any Agents of the "Silicate Paint Company" who have undertaken the sale of this article We annex curtailed reports from—

PROFESSOR BARFF, M.A., Lecturer on Paint and Colours to Society of Arts, Chemist to Royal Academy, &c.

JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers to Bank of England, H. M. Mint, Council of India, &c.

PROFESSOR LUTSCHAUNIG, Liverpool Assay Office,

DR. PHIPSON, Fellow of Chemical Societies of London, Paris, and Antwerp; and of Royal Society of Natural Sciences, Brussels.

T. A. BRITTON, Surveyor to Metropolitan Board of Works.

C. H. TOZER, and other Practical Men in the trade.

From PROFESSOR BARFF, M. A., Professor of Chemistry to Royal Academy and Catholic University; Lecturer on Paints and Colours to Society of Arts.

The LABORATORY, Catholic University College, Kensington, 8th Dec. 1875.

Having examined the NEW WHITE ZINC PIGMENT, I beg to state that, as far as I know, the substance has never before been used as a Pigment, and my experience of these matters extends over twenty-five years. From my constant practice in examining Pigments (as Professor of the Chemistry of Pigments, &c., at the Royal Academy of Arts), I am enabled to state that this new ZINC WHITE has great body, (i. e.) covers well, and can be worked easily, it seems to me in those respects to equal the best White Lead Paint. It is a very pure white, and absolutely resists the action of foul air which contains Sulphuretted Hydrogen. It will resist high temperature without put its whiteness being destroyed in any way (by high temperatures, I mean those FAR ABOVE anything to which it can be exposed in any use to which it can be applied as a Paint). If it be applied with inorganic substances, a red heat will not permanently alter its appearance.

As a Paint it is superior to White Lead, for two great reasons, —First, It will not change tint in water closets, or near drains or in foul air; second, it will always retain its opacity, which White Lead will not. I need hardly mention that Painters using it will not be liable to suffer from Lead Poisoning.

In Manufacture it is SIMPLE, EXPEDITIOUS and INEXPENSIVE. As being interested in Art, I feel that the invention is one which will supply a want which has long been felt, and therefore I shall do all in my power to advance its interests.

(Signed) FREDERICK T. BARFF, M.A.,
Christ's College, Cambridge.

From Messrs. JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers to Bank of England, Her Majesty's Royal Mint, Council of India &c., &c.

Certificate.] Assay Office, London, 20th December, 1875.

Comparative examination of sample of the new Pigment with dry White Lead.

HEAT sufficient to change the White Lead into the Yellow Protoxide has no effect on the colour of the compound. It is also much less soluble in diluted acids.

We are therefore of opinion that this colour would be much more stable than that of White Lead.

(Signed) JOHNSON & SONS, Assayers.

The LIVERPOOL ASSAY OFFICE, 64, Cable Street, Liverpool, 26th November, 1875.

Dear Sir,—We have tested the New Patent ZINC WHITE you send us, and have carefully compared it with the ordinary commercial White Lead.

We find it very superior in many respects.

The body is dense and opaque, and consequently the Paint covers a larger surface than would an equal bulk of White Lead. In this respect it differs greatly from the Zinc Oxide, which, though of a very pleasing white colour, has little body.

Sulphuretted Hydrogen Gas, which is the most common impurity in the atmosphere of large towns, has no effect at all upon it, for we have exposed a surface covered with it, side by side with one covered with White Lead to a powerful development of Sulphuretted Hydrogen Gas in a vessel, and find that whereas Lead turns black at once, your ZINC WHITE remains unaltered.

The ordinary lighting Gas and its foul products of combustion do not affect it either, nor do weak acids, which readily attack Lead.

Heat does not cause it to blister, as this Pigment has the property of adhering to the surface on which it is laid with great tenacity. A temperature above the boiling point of water, leaves it unaltered; and even when the Oil is decomposed at a higher temperature, it clings to the surface and looks well, whilst Lead Paints soon perish and blacken.

Towards Iron, unlike the Lead Compounds, it behaves in an absolutely neutral manner. For the Indian Market it ought to be invaluable, and there is no doubt that it will supersede entirely the White Lead.

We will say in conclusion that your Patent ZINC WHITE combines the good properties of the White Lead and the Zinc Oxide, without any of their shortcomings.

We remain, yours truly,
LUTSCHAUNIG & Co.

Report of Dr. T. L. PHIPSON, Fellow of the Chemical Societies of London, Paris, and Antwerp, and of the Royal Society of Medical and Natural Sciences of Brussels, &c.

LABORATORY OF ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, 4, The Cedars, Putney, S. W. London, 12th May, 1877.

I have submitted your Patent ZINC WHITE to a careful analysis, and to every possible variety of test, in comparison with White Lead, and I have not hesitation whatever in stating that IT SUPERSEDES THE BEST WHITE LEAD in the following particulars:—

It has MORE BODY and his decidedly WHITER; it is NOT AFFECTED BY SEWER GAS, AMMONIA, OR SULPHURETTED WHITE AFTER HEATEN, which White Lead does not; it DOES NOT DARKEN in colour by emanations of sulphuretted hydrogen or sewer gases which White Lead does; it FIXES WITH OILS, and other Pigments with the greatest ease; finally, it WILL NOT ACT AS A POISON, as White Lead does, to the workmen engaged in the manufacture or use of it, and it is MUCH MORE ECONOMICAL.

In presence of these results, I can emphatically recommend your ZINC WHITE as one of the most ingenious and useful discoveries of modern times.

(Sd.) T. L. PHIPSON, Ph D., F.C.S., &c.,
Formerly of the University of Brussels, Analytical and Consulting Chemist.

The LABORATORY, Catholic University College, Kensing on, July 2nd, 1877.

I have again examined Griffith's Patent ZINC WHITE PIGMENT. For the last three months samples of that Pigment have been sent to me from time to time, and I have noticed a considerable improvement in them. With my own hands I have laid on the colour, and find it works smoothly and well: in this respect it equals any White Lead I have ever used. I have not the slightest hesitation, as having been for many years practically acquainted with the laying on of Pigments in all branches, in saying that Griffith's ZINC WHITE, samples of which I have used, is in every respect equal to the best White Lead as to MANIPULATION. Now as to durability, from the experience which I have had of Zinc White Pigments there is NOTHING in them, or in Griffith's ZINC WHITE to decay, or suffer deterioration.

(Sd.) FRED. BARFF, M.A., Christ's College, Cambridge.

LIVERPOOL ASSAY OFFICE, 31st May, 1877.

Since last reporting on your PIGMENT, in 1875, I have again had occasion to witness the manufacture of your article at the Works, where it is now made on a large scale. The tests I have made of samples from bulk not only bear out my previous report and confirm it in every particular, but I may add that, on further investigation, the results are quite beyond my expectations.

The property of covering a large surface, or the so-called "body" of the pigment is remarkable when compared with White Lead. In one experiment I tried, I found half-pound of the New White could be spread out, when mixed with two OUNCES of Linseed Oil and ONE OUNCE of Turpentine over an acre of eighty-one square feet; whereas the sample of White Lead, mixed with same quantities of liquid and same weight, only covered thirty-eight and three-quarters square feet.

I quite agree with Professor Barff that the time must come when the miserable prejudices of consumers will be overcome.

(Signed) ALFRED LUTSCHAUNIG.

From JOHN H. & SAMUEL JOHNSON, Wholesale Druggists Manufacturing Chemists, Oil and Paint Merchants, Liverpool, November 1876.

Your Patent ZINC WHITE will prove a great acquisition to the Trade. What has long been wanted is a kind of ZINC WHITE that has the body of Lead which yours has, and does not tarnish as Lead does.

North Brixton, London, 6th September, 1875.

Sir,—I have tried your Patent ZINC WHITE Ground, and must say it is the best thing that has been brought under my notice, and as a practical Decorator, must say you have got the right thing, viz., a new white that is not a lead, and yet has all the covering qualities of the same; it is also much whiter, and from the fact of it being a Zinc, know it will not tarnish.

White Zinc Paint would have superseded White Lead years ago, if it could have been obtained with a body, especially as it is non-poisonous.

If you can put your Paint into the Market, at the same price (or less) than White Lead, should say you have discovered a gold mine.

Yours truly,
(Signed) CHARLES H. TOZER.

From Mr. THOMAS ALLEN BRITTON, late Surveyor to the Metropolitan Board of Works, London.

Limes Grove, Lewisham, Kent, 20th December, 1875.

Having examined the new ZINC WHITE, I beg to state that it is superior to any other similar substance I have hitherto met with. There is no doubt that it is—1st, a pure white; 2nd, that it retains its opacity; 3rd, that its colour is not affected by foul air; 4th, that it has a good body; 5th, that it is cheaper than ordinary White Lead, and quite equal to it.

(Signed) THOMAS ALLEN BRITTON, late Surveyor Metropolitan Board of Works.

Claughton Firs, Oxton, November 27th, 1875.

I find your Patent ZINC WHITE to have all the properties of Zinc Oxide with the covering or body of Lead, and this is what the Trade has been long looking for, and this I find in your Patent.

I am sure it will be eagerly sought after by the Trade if it can be manufactured at the price of White Lead.

It does not appear to blister with a degree of heat that destroys Lead, and must be most valuable for hot climates.

If it is not poisonous in anyway, it will be a great boon to the working painters.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) W. MALE, Plumber, Painter, &c.

From F. A. BARROW, White Lead Merchant, 101, Hope Street Glasgow, November 30th, 1875.

I applied your Zinc White as Paint; to test its covering qualities I took equal quantities by weight of it and White Lead Paint, I find your Patent Zinc covers better and a greater surface, and in colour is superior to any White Lead. If it can be produced so as to sell a little lower, or even at the price of White Lead, I have no doubt that a good trade may be done in it.

I hope you will soon have it ready for the market.

Yours faithfully,
Signed) F. A. BARROW.

151, Crawshay Road, London, F. W., 30th November, 1875.

Dear Sir,—Respecting the ZINC WHITE, made by a new process, I must say that I am very much pleased with it. It is indeed a beautiful white, far surpassing White Lead in color, and has quite as good covering properties, if not rather better.

—Zinc White, under the old principle, would not cover, which condemns it. It can be mixed with various pigments that White Lead always destroys. I can say for white work and delicate tints it is invaluable.

Yours truly,
G. W. BREWER, Decorator, &c.

437, Brixton Road, London, S. W., 1st December, 1875.

Gold Medal, International Exhibition, 1851. Gold Medal International Exhibition, South Kensington, 1862.

Dear Sir,—Your Patent Zinc White has a capital body, and possessing a Pearly Whiteness is admirably adapted for decorative purposes.

Yours truly,
WILLIAM READ, Decorator.

"Vauxhall Road, Liverpool, 4th cember, 1875.

Dear Sir,—Your ZINC WHITE is the best article of the kind I have ever used; its covering properties are equal to the best White Lead, and far exceeds it in whiteness.

I have tried it on Iron and Wood, and find it answer admirably.

Yours faithfully,
PHILIP COOMBES, Painter, Plumber, &

For full particulars apply to the Manufacturers,

GRIFFITHS, FLETCHER & BERDOE,

Seel Street, Liverpool, and 107, Cannon Street, London.

Or any Agents of the Silicate Paint Company.

F. HARLEY & Co., CALCUTTA. W. NICOL & Co., BOMBAY.

Testing Samples forwarded free on application.

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CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE FOR INDIA, ON ACCOUNT OF ITS KEEPING GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

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WATCHMAKERS. JEWELLERS. OPTICIANS. AND ENGRAVERS.

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BEG to submit a Price List of their Gold and Silver Watches suited for presentation, which for solidity and finish of case, perfection of mechanism, and accuracy in time-keeping, eclipse, they believe, anything of the kind ever introduced in India.

GENTLEMEN'S SIZES, Gold case ¾ plate movements, Jewelled in 10 holes, compensation balance wheel, isochronic hairspring, from Rs. 280 to Rs. 300.

N. B.—We manufacture these Watches in Hunting, Half-hunting and Crystal cases, and can conscientiously recommend them as the most durable Watch and accurate time-keepers.

The same Watch with Keyless action, Rs. 50 extra.

Maximum variation of the above Watch one minute per month.

LADIES' SIZES, same movements as described above, keyless, at Rs. 200, 225 and 250.

GENTLEMEN'S SILVER KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES, fitted with the finest works as described above, at Rs. 125, 140 and 150, &c.

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A very large Stock of every kind of Silver and Gold Watches of all prices.
In Silver cases at Rs. 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 65, 75, 80, 100, &c., &c.
In Gold cases for Ladies at Rs. 60, 70, 80, 100, 125, 150, &c., &c.
Every Watch is guaranteed.

Gold Repeating Watches striking hours and quarters, hours, quarters and minutes, Chronometers, Chronographs, Racing, and Calendar and independent Seconds Watches.

UP-COUNTRY ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO IF PAYMENT OR REFERENCE FOR PAYMENT ACCOMPANY THE ORDER.

REPAIRS IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

C. MARCKS & CO.

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HAVE just received per S.S. NIZAM, a NEW and FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT of Ladies and Gents' FELT and SUN HATS.

The Grimsby Low Medium Round Crown Black Felt Narrow Brim, best quality	9 8
The Bristol Low Round Crown Black Felt	9 8
Lincoln and Bennett's Black Silk Dress Hats	16 8
Do. do. Drab Dress Hats	12 8
Cloth Travelling Caps, Helmet Shaped	4 8
Do. do. with Ear Flaps, Helmet Shaped	5 0
Black Soft Felt Taper Yankee Hats with Wide Brims	9 0
Drab do. do. do. do.	9 0
Scotch Caps of various Clans	5 0
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Do. Black do. do.	18 8

Sun and Shikaring Helmets and Hats of all our well known Shapes.

LADIES' FELT HATS.

Black Hard Felt Low Round Crown Narrow Brim, best quality	9 8
Black Soft Felt Round Crown	7 8
Blue do. do. do. do.	7 8
Brown do. do. do. do.	7 8
Lincoln and Bennett's Silk Riding Hats	16 8
Andre's Drab Terai Hats	18 8
Do. Brown do. do.	18 8

Ladies Sun and Riding Hats of various Shapes.

LITTLE BOYS' HATS.

The Lorne Black Silk Velvet (Scotch Cap shape)	6 8
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Do. Drab do. do. do.	6 8

Ten per cent. discount for Cash.

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S. ROSE & Co. invite attention to the undermentioned ARTICLES, useful for the comfort and amusement of the Traveller by Road, Rail, or Sea:—

PORTABLE FOLDING CHAIRS.—The special features calling for notice in this new pattern are its extreme comfort, great strength, very small space occupied when folded, and special adaptation for use in a hot climate, where stuffed armchairs are found too hot, and where the common glued-up chairs give way. They are admirably adapted for deck use, and travellers generally. Cash Rs. 10.

PATENT TRAVELLING ICE BOX.—For carrying small quantities of Pure Block Ice for the Table, and in which ice can be preserved for a considerable time. It is indispensable for the journey through from Up-country Stations to Bombay. Size 17 inches by 13½ inches; can be easily placed under the seat of a railway carriage; when not required for Ice it can be easily filled with the traveller's effects. It contains about 14 lbs. of Ice, with Leather Strap and Tap to draw off the cold water, Rs. 20 and Rs. 25.

ENGLISH PICNIC BASKETS.—Contains two wicker-covered bottles and tumblers, tin box, two cruets, pickle jar, two China plates and two knives and forks, Price ..... Rs. 20 0

Measurement of outside, 17 inches long, 12½ inches wide, 6½ inches deep.

Enamelled Plates, and Cups and Saucers, for Camp use of the best quality

SOLID LEATHER DRESSING CASES.

Solid Leather Dressing Cases, containing Nail Scissors, Nail Cleaner, Nail File, Penknife, Nail Brush, Tooth Brush in Metal Box, Hair Brush, and Comb and Soap Box ... Rs. 12 0
Do. do. do. and a few extras .. „ 20 0

Solid Leather Dressing Cases, containing Nail Scissors, Nail File, Tweezers, Razors, Looking Glass, Razor Strop, Shaving Brush, Hair Brush and Comb, Tooth and Hair Brushes in Metal Box, and Soap Box ..... Rs. 35 0

PETROLEUM COOKING STOVES.—No Household should be without one. These portable, useful, and most economical Stoves are fitted with Moveable Burners, which can be taken out and a fresh wick fitted as easily as to an ordinary lamp burner. They are made in various sizes, and by reason of the high price of coal is a matter of no moment, as they do all that costly cooking ranges at present accomplish at a mere nominal cost, with the more comfort, as the kitchen is not heated, and the cooking finished they can at once be put out. They will be found a boon to every household. They are most easily managed, make neither smell nor dirt, and save their cost in a very short time. Complete, with frying pan, saucepan, kettle &c., Rs. 12, 15, and 20.

THE AMERICAN POCKET STOVE AND KETTLE.—A very portable article, productive of much convenience and comfort. It enables the possessor to obtain Boiling Water in a few minutes, night or day, without annoyance or trouble; also to prepare Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, &c., in five minutes, and boil Eggs, Milk, Rice, Potatoes, Stews, Chops, Chickens, or other Provisions; to prepare Beef Tea, Soups, etc. It is very convenient for Travellers by land and sea, or for Camp use. Cost of use about Half a Price. Price of the Apparatus, complete, Rs. 6-8.

POCKET FOUNTAIN PENHOLDER.—The principle on which this new holder is constructed is so simple that there is but slight risk of its getting out of order. It will hold sufficient ink to last for several days, and when empty can be quickly refilled by dipping the lower end in a vessel of ink; and turning up the screw. In pure Aluminium gold, with cap complete, Rs. 4.

TRIPLE FOLDING MIRRORS, the most useful and Portable Glass for travelling, each ..... Rs. 24, 30, 32, 35, 40, 45 0
Large size do. do. Rs. 65, 75, 80, 90, 120 and 150 0
Ashantee Hammocks ..... Rs. 10, 12, 13, and 16 0
Folding Corkscrews ..... „ 3 8
Penknives from ..... Rs. 1 to 5 0
Folding Knife and Fork Per Pair ..... Rs. 2 0
Writing Paper, Stationery and Travelling Inks.
PORTABLE INDIAN POSTAGE WEIGHER, German Silver, in small leather case. Weight ½ tolah to 4 tolahs, and from 2 to 2 ounces, Rs. 4-0.
PORTABLE COPYING PRESSES.—Sve. size, Rs. 5,
Do. do. do. etc., „ Rs. 25 and Rs. 50.
THE HOUSEHOLD COMPANION.—Made of best malleable iron, combines in one no less than ten tools: it is a most useful article in the house, or for a Traveller. Rs. 3.
POCKET FILTER.—Each Filter in neat flat case, about 3½ inches diameter, by about 1½ inches in thickness; weight about 8 oz. Complete, in case, with cord to hang over the shoulder. Cash Price Rs. 4.

LEATHER-COVERED BRANDY FLASKS,
With Screw Top and Metal Drinking Cup.
½ Pint, size, Cash price ..... Rs. 1 8
1 „ „ „ 2 0
1 „ „ „ 2 8
1½ „ „ „ 3 0

THE INDIAN DOUBLE DESPATCH BOX

Strongly manufactured in Motal, Japanned Black, with broad Gold lines and Gold-raised Metal corners, secured with Hobb's Patent Locks.

The lid contains a compartment, fastened with Lock and Key, for the security of valuable papers, &c. requiring to be readily accessible. The upper Tray is divided for Writing Paper, Envelopes, &c., and contains two Inkstands and a Ruler. The lower Tray is divided into two compartments, and there is space beneath in which to deposit documents, &c.; size 15½ inches by 12 inches by 7½ inches deep, Cash Rs. 50.

ARMY AND NAVY DRINKING CUPS.—Which consists of a Tumbler and a Wine and Champagne Cup combined. The combined Cup fits compactly into the Tumbler, and richly electro-silvered and plated on Nickel Silver, with cradle turned body and richly gilt inside. Cash price large size Rs. 32 and Rs. 18; small size, Rs. 19 and electro-silver on metal Rs. 12.

THE PORTABLE HAND SEWING MACHINE.—Furnished with instruction book, 4 needles, 3 bobbins for shuttle, of cap, screw driver, braiding wire, tucking guide and Nos. 1 and 2 Hammers.

The latest and Best Machine in the Market. With recent registered improvements not possessed by any other Machines Cash price Rs. 55.

Cigar Cases, Best Morocco and Calf 10 0
Electro Plated Silver Paste Boxes ..... Rs. 2-4 and 5 0
Card Cases, Russia Leather Gents ..... „ 1 0
Do. do. Ladies ..... „ 3 8
Square Travelling Inks, each ..... Rs. 1, 2-4, 5, and 6 0
Travelling Inks Round, each ..... Rs. 2-4, 3-2, 4-5, and 6 8
Do. Double, each ..... Rs. 5 and 10 8
Do. Other Patterns ..... Rs. 1-8, 2-8, and 3 0

AMUSEMENT FOR THE TRAVELLER.

In polished Mahogany box with lock and key, containing the following 11 Games: Backgammon, Chess, Dominoes, Tactics, game of Snail, Whist, Hexagon, Nimgara, Draughts, Solitaire, Fox and Geese, with book of rules complete ..... Rs. 25 0

In Pinewood box, size 10½ by 6¾ by 2½ inches, containing the following 10 games:—Backgammon, Chess, Draughts, Fox and Geese, German Tactics, Race Game, Small Game, Solitaire, Spellicans, Trails ..... Rs. 12 0
Compendium of Games in deal boxes ..... from „ 5 0
Portable Chess, Draughts, Go-Bang, Dominoes, &c., &c., always in stock.

PLAYING CARDS, &c.

Assortment of the best patterns of the present Season from De la Rue & Co. from 1 Rs per pack.

Palace Gold Moguls, per pack ..... Rs. 2 8
Third Harrys per pack ..... „ 1 0
Squeezers' new playing Cards per packet ..... „ 1 8

BINOCULARS.

THE "UNIVERSAL" Binocular, with three Transposing Lenses, suitable for The Theatre, The Field, The Marine, moveable sun shades. Complete in Case, with Strap-Sling ..... Rs. 50 0

Pronounced by all who have seen it to be the most perfect Binocular ever manufactured.

THE EMPEROR'S BINOCULAR.

Each Sight-Glass consists of Three Lenses, and each Object-Glass of Three Lenses also, presenting altogether Twelve Lenses contained in each Binocular, by which the greatest possible power and the largest field of vision are obtained. The whole is of metal, covered with russia leather, and each Binocular is fitted in a strong leather case, with shoulder-strap and buckle complete, the whole being contained within a compass not exceeding 45 0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto small size, Cash price 35 0
In addition to the above-mentioned Glasses, a large variety of others are in stock, priced from Rs 16 upwards.

BEZIQUE.

For 2 Players with 2 card-board markers, Pocket Guide
Cavendish, in cloth covered card-board box ..... Rs. 3 0
For 2 Players with 3 cloth markers, Pocket Guide by Cavendish, in cloth box or ornamented gilt ..... „ 4 8
For 2 Players with 3 leather markers, Pocket Guide by Cavendish, in leather lock box [a nice present] ..... „ 12 0
For 4 Players with 4 card-board markers, Pocket Guide by Cavendish, in cloth covered card-board box ..... „ 6 0
For 4 Players with 4 leather markers, Pocket Guide by Cavendish in ornamented cloth box ..... „ 10 0
For 4 Players with 4 leather markers, Pocket Guide by Cavendish, in leather lock box [a handsome present] .. „ 15 0

CHEAP NOVELS.

A large assortment always available.

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